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M.D. W.S.R.

M.D

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, December - 2006

Sub : Community Health Nursing - I

Full Marks - 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours.

Answer all the Questions

- 1. a) What do you mean by Family Health Care ?
- b) Write the objectives of Family Health Care.
- c) Family as a Unit of society--- Discuss.

} 20 swarnalekha

2+5+8=15

Or

- a) What do you mean by the term "epidemiology".
- b) Write the aims of "epidemiology".
- c) Uses of epidemiology in health care system.

64/ Diary.

65

2+5+8=15

- 2. Define Community Health Nursing :
- Write the functions of a Community Health Nurse.

30

7A Diary.

2+8=10

(copy)

Or

What do you mean by Health hazards ? 149 SW

Describe the environmental Health hazards of your place. Xerox Book 2+8=10

- 3. (a) Write the differences between Macro and Micro Nutrient
- (b) Write the functions Vitamin 'D' and daily requirements.

5+5=10

- 4. Write the short notes any four of the following :

5x4=20

- a) Reports and Records. Xerox
- b) Cold Chain FN/ SD
- c) Protein energy malnutrition SW
- d) Small family Norm
- e) Characteristics of a mentally Healthy Person psycho.

SEE QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, 7 & 8 IN SEPARATE SHEET

Opportunistic infection means infection caused by a defensive host defence.

Itrogenic infection is caused by medical person.

Calorie - 1 gm water at 1°C energy required to raise the temperature of 1 gm of water by 1°C is 1 calorie.

Calorie - The amount of heat necessary to raise the temperature of 1 gm of water by 1°C is 1 calorie.

Answer all the questions:

10/10/2020

1. a) Define Primary Health Care?
 b) State the Special Health services to be provided to Mothers and children in our country.
 c) Describe the Role of Nurse in Primary Health Care.

2+6+7 = 15

OR

- a) State the importance of home visiting.
 b) Write the principles of home visiting.
 c) What are the Special points to be kept in mind while doing home visiting?

3+7+5 = 15

2. a) Define Nutrition.
 b) Write the functions of food.
 c) Write rich but cheap sources of Iron.
 d) Mention the conditions due to deficiency of iron in our daily diet.

OR

2+5+5+3 = 15

- a) What is Protein?
 b) What are the sources and functions of Protein?
 c) What are the conditions may be due to deficiency of Protein in human body?

2+6+7 = 15

3. a) What is Health Education?
 b) What are the principles of Health Education?
 c) Prepare a lesson plan for group of mothers on immunization schedule.

OR

2+7+6 = 15

- a) What is Communication?
 b) What are the types of Communication?
 c) What are the barriers of Communication? - Write in brief.

2+6+7 = 15

4. Write Short Notes on any three of the following: 3 x 5 = 15

- a) W.H.O.
 b) Levels of Prevention
 c) Vitamin 'A'
 d) A.V. Aids

*** SEE QUESTION NO. 5 & 6 IN SEPARATE SHEET.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (OBJECTIVE)

All Marks: 25

Time Allowed: 25 mnts.

Answer on this sheet only

Encircle (O) the most suitable answer : 10

- i) The constant presence of a disease within a geographical area is known as --
 (a) Pandemic (b) Endemic (c) Epidemic (d) Sporadic
- ii) Administration of oral polio vaccine to the children is a measure of --
(a) health promotion (b) specific protection (c) Treatment and Rehabilitation
- iii) Which of the following vitamin is water soluble --
(a) Vit A (b) Vit D (c) Vit B (d) Vit E
- iv) Which is most difficult to block the spread of --
(a) Vector (b) man to man (c) Air borne (d) Water borne
- v) Live vaccine are all except --
 (a) Polio (b) Measles (c) BCG (d) DPT
- vi) Vaccine which must be stored in the freeze compartment of a Refrigerator is --
(a) B.C.G. (b) OPV (c) Measles (d) all of the above
- vii) Which of the following dehydration status require Home available Fluid --
(a) Mild dehydration (b) Moderate dehydration (c) Some dehydration
 (d) any dehydration
- viii) Highest amount of protein is seen in --
(a) Ground nut (b) Soya been (c) Bengal gram (d) Mysore dal
- ix) Oral vit a prophylaxis is given to children every --
(a) 2 months (b) 6 months (c) 9 months (d) one year
- x) The model is a A.V. aids for --
(a) Auditory aids (b) Visual aids (c) Combined aids (d) None of the above.

Fill up the blanks :

5

- i) The cheapest protective food is Soya been.
- ii) P. E. M. stands for Protein Energy Malnutrition.
- iii) Pasturization destroy only the pathogenic bacteria
- iv) Cellulose acts as roughage to prevent Constipation.
- v) T.V. is a A.V. aids of Communication.

P.T.O.

7. Match Column A with Column B

5

Column AColumn B

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| a) Sewage (iv) | i) Alma Ata (d) |
| b) Halazone (✓) | ii) Zoonoses (c) |
| c) Rabies (j i) | iii) Dengu fever (d) |
| d) Primary health care (i) | iv) Water polution (a) |
| e) Aedes (j ii) | v) Chlorine tablet (h) |

8. Write the full form of the following abbreviations.

5

- a) ILR Ice lined Refrigerator.
- b) ICDS Integrated child Development scheme.
- c) SARS Severe Acute respiratory Syndrome.
- d) ART Anti Retroviral treatment.
- e) BPHC Block Primary health center.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JUNE - 2012

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper - IV) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allotted: 20 mints.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Match the Column 'A' with that of Column 'B'

1x10=10

Column A	Column B
a) Tuberculosis (ix)	i) Alma Ata (p)
b) Food standard (vii)	ii) 7th April (e)
c) Sewage (vi)	iii) Zoonoses (g)
d) Nurses Day (v)	iv) Dengu fever (h)
e) World Health day (ii)	v) 12th May (d)
f) Primary health care (i)	vi) Waste water containing Solid and Liquid Excreta (c)
g) Rabies (iii)	vii) Agmark (b)
h) Aedes (iv)	viii) Diarrhoea (j)
i) World AIDS day (xi)	ix) DOTS (a)
j) Skin turgor (viii)	x) Hard water
	xi) 1st December (i)

6. Fill up the blanks :

1x5=5

- i) Chicken pox is caused by Varicella zoster.
- ii) Exclusive breast feeding should be given upto Six (6) months of baby.
- iii) Cellulose acts as roughage to prevent constipation.
- iv) Tape Recorder is a Audio Audio aid.
- v) Malaria is spread through bite of Female Anophelines mosquito.

7. Write in Full Form :

1x5=5

- a) A.R.I. Acute Respiratory Infection
- b) I.M.R. Infant mortality rate
- *c) E.C.C.R. Ever Ready Couple and Child Register
- d) R.C.H. Reproductive and child health
- pe) D.P.H.N.O. District Public Health Nursing Officer

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JULY-2013

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (PAPER IV) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 min

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

Q5. Match the column 'A' with column 'B'

1X 10=

Column-A	Column-B
a) I.C.D.S. (iv)	i) Riboflavin
b) World Environment day (v)	ii) Diarrhoea
c) Sewage (vii)	iii) Open air defecation
d) Wastage of soap (x)	iv) 1000 population
e) World AIDS Day (ix)	v) 5th June
f) Hook Worm (iii)	vi) Water born disease
g) Vitamin 'C' (xi)	vii) Waste water containing soil & liquid excre
h) Skin turgor (ii)	viii) 5000 population
i) Angular stomatitis (j)	ix) 1st December
j) Typhoid (vi)	x) Hard Water
	xi) Scurvey
	xii) 11th April ✓

Q6. Fill up the blanks:

1 x 5=

- a) Causitive organism of scabies is Sarcoptes Scabiei
- b) The recommended maximum noise level is 60 to 65 db. (85 db)
- c) Malaria is a vector borne disease.
- d) Sterilization of milk is done by Pasteurization
- e) Measles vaccine is given in Subcutaneous route.

Q7. Write full form of :-

1 x 5=5

- a) B. P. H. C. → Block Primary Health Centre
- b) I. L. R. → Ice Lined Refrigerator
- c) UNICEF → United Nations International Childrens
- d) N. R. H. M. → National Rural Health Mission Convergency
- e) B. C. G. → Bacilli Calmette Guerin

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (PAPER IV) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

Q5. Match the column 'A' with that of column 'B'

1X 10=10

Column-A	Column-B
a) World Health Day (vi)	i) Agmark
b) Scabies (xi)	ii) Polio
c) Food standard (i)	iii) Riboflavin
d) Communication (vii)	iv) Scurvy
e) Live Vaccine (ii)	v) Cooking by moist heat
f) Angular Stomatitis (iii)	vi) 7th April
g) Steaming (v)	vii) IEC
h) Group discussion (viii)	viii) Two-way communication
i) Diarrhoea (ix)	ix) ORS
j) Khesari Dal (x)	x) Lathyrism
	xi) Contageous infection
	xii) 1st December

1 x 5=5

Q6. Fill up the blanks:

- a) An outbreak of disease in a community in excess of normal expectation is called Epidemic
- b) W.H.O. recommended treatment of Tuberculosis is known as ED.O.T.S
- c) Amla is the richest source of Vita 'c'
- d) Exclusive breast feeding given upto the age of Six month of baby
- e) The birth should be registered within 21 days.

1 x 5=5

Q7. Write 'True' & 'False' against the following statements.

- a) Malaria is a fly-borne disease (F)
- b) Weight is an important indicator for assessment of growth of under five children. (T)
- c) Milk is good source of Iron. (F)
- d) Amoebiasis is a water borne disease. (T)
- e) The best way to destroy the pathogens of milk is Pasteurization. (T)

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JULY-2013

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper - IV)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

- Q1. a) Define Primary Health Care. 2+5
b) Explain the principles of Primary Health Care.
c) Discuss the functions of community Health Nurse for the implementation of Primary Care Components.
- Q2. a) Define Audio-Visual Aids. 2+7
b) Write down the advantages & limitations of Audio-Visual Aids.
c) What points do you consider while selecting A. V. Aids for an effective health teaching?
- Q3. a) What do you mean by the term 'Malnutrition'? 2+6
b) List down the signs & symptoms of Protein-Energy Malnutrition in children.
c) What measures will you provide to family to prevent malnutrition in children?
- Or
- a) What do you understand by the term 'Nutrition'?
b) Write classification of food.
c) Discuss the importance of study of nutrition for nurses. 2+3
- Q4. Write short notes on (any two) :- 5
a) Maintenance of cold chain.
b) Road to health card.
c) Health Determinants.

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, & 7 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2015

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper-IV)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

1. a) Define Family Health Services.
b) Explain the Principles of Family Health Services.
c) Discuss the role and functions of a Community Health Nurse in Family Health Services.
3+5+7=15

OR

- a) Define community health.
b) What are the factors affecting community health ?
c) Write down the levels of health care in community setting. 2+6+7=15
2. a) Define health education.
b) Write down the principles of health education while giving a health education in a rural community.
c) Prepare a health education plan for prevention of scabies of school going children in your community. 2+3+10=15
3. a) What do you mean by Micronutrient and Macronutrient?
b) Write the common sources of iron rich foods.
c) Enumerate the Functions of iron in human body. 2+3+5=10

4. Write short notes on : (any three) 3x5=15
- a) A.V. Aids.
b) Disease cycle.
c) Health hazards of improper waste disposal in community.
d) Standing orders.
e) Theme of WHO 2015.

QUESTION NO. 5, 6 & 7 IN SEPARATE SHEET

- b) Cellulose acts as roughage to prevent diarrhoea.
c) Hepatitis A is a water borne disease.

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WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2015

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper-IV)

(OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnt

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY**5. Fill in the blanks :**

1x5=

- i) Dental caries occurs due to deficiency of F fluorides.
- ii) Exclusive breast feeding should be given upto 6 months.
- iii) Leprosy is caused by Mycobacterium leprae.
- iv) World AIDS Day is celebrated on 1st Dec each year.
- v) Causative organism of Chicken Pox is Varicella zoster.

6. Write full form of the following abbreviations :

1x5=

- a) ILR Ice lined Refrigerator.
- b) DPHNO District Public Health Nursing officer.
- c) IMNCI Integrated Management of Neonatal and childhood illnesses.
- d) NHM National Health Mission.
- e) ECCR Eligible Couple & Child Register.

7. Match the Column 'A' with that of Column 'B'

1x5=5

Column A**Column B**

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| a) Nurses Day (iii) | i) 3000 Population |
| b) Sub Centre in hilly area (i) | ii) OPV |
| c) Tuberculosis (iv) | iii) 12 th May |
| d) Sub Centre in plane area (v) | iv) DOTs |
| e) Live vaccine (ii) | v) 5000 Population |
| | vi) DPT |

8. Write True (T) and False (F) against the following statement.

1x5=5

- a) Koplik spot is a positive sign of measles. (T)
- b) Cellulose acts as roughage to prevent diarrhoea. (F)
- c) Hepatitis A is a water borne disease. (T)
- d) Oral pill is a family planning method used for Birth Spacing. (T)
- e) 98 decibels is the recommended maximum noise level. (F)

Roll No.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING- MIDWIFERY(3 YRS) EXAMINATION, August 2016.
SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING-I (PAPER IV) (OBJECTIVE)

FULL MARKS : 20

TIME ALLOTTED : 20 mins

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Encircle (O) the most appropriate answer :

1 X 5 = 5

a) An ASHA worker works with-

- i) 500 population ii) 1000 population iii) 2000 population iv) 5000 population

b) Opportunistic infection means-

- i) Infection caused by animal. ii) Infection caused by a defect in host defence.
iii) Infection caused by medical person. iv) Infection caused by parasites.

c) The term eradication means-

- i) Termination of all transmission of infection iii) Killing of all vectors that spreads the disease
ii) Separation of infected person from all non-infected person. iv) Continuous monitoring of person with ill health.

d) Incubation period is-

- i) The time interval between entry of micro organism and first symptoms of infection. iii) The time interval between entry of micro organism and total cure of disease.
ii) The time interval between entry of micro organism and first medical care. iv) The time interval between entry of micro organism up to seven days.

e) Family Health Services include-

- i) Maternal care. i) Family welfare services.
ii) Child health care. ii) All of the above.

6. Fill up the blanks:-

1 X 5 = 5

- i) Black board is an example of Non-projected aids.
ii) Diabetes is an example of non-communicable disease.
iii) DOTs is used in treatment of Tuberculosis
iv) Temporary hardness of water can be removed by Boiling
v) The disease transmitted to animal to man is named as Zoonosis

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING- MIDWIFERY(3 YRS) EXAMINATION, July 2016.
SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING-I (PAPER IV)

FULL MARKS : 75

TIME ALLOWED : 3 HOURS

- Q1. a) What do you mean by Primary Health Care?
b) What are the principles of Primary Health Care?
c) Discuss about Millennium Development Goal. } copy- 2+7+6=15

OR

- a) What do you mean by immunization? sw-465
b) Write about Immunization schedule of zero to one year children. Made
c) Describe the Cold Chain System. sw-441 2+7+6=15

- Q2. a) Define health education.
b) Write down the different methods used for health education.
c) Write the different types of A.V.aids which are used for giving health education to community people. 2+7+6=15

- Q3. a) Discuss Essential Amino Acids.
b) Write down the sources of protein.
c) What are the functions of protein? } 91 3+3+4=10

Q4. Write short note (Any three) 5x3=15

- a) House hold purification of water.
b) Referral System. x r r r x
c) Classification of food.) (S)
d) Principles of home visiting.
e) Skin Hygiene.

Question no. 5,6,7 & 8 are in separate sheet

P.T.O.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ Yrs.) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY -2016

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper-IV)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

1. a) Define Health.
b) Discuss about the determinants of health.
c) Discuss the different level of prevention of communicable disease in brief. 2+6+7=15

OR

- a) Write about the concept of Community Health Nursing Process.
b) Explain the importance of Community Health Nursing Process.
c) Discuss about the qualities of a Community Health Nurse 3+5+7=15
2. a) What do you mean by the term "Balanced Diet".
b) Prepare a health talk plan for a group of mother for "prevention of malnutrition children". 2+8=10
3. a) Define the term communication.
b) Write down the process of communication.
c) Explain the barriers of communication.
(d) How will you overcome the barriers for successful communication? 2+5+4+4=15

4. **Write short notes on : (any three)** 3x5=15

- a) Referral system.
- b) Immunization Schedule for 0 - 1 yr. children.
- c) Importance of maintaining records and reports.
- d) Preventive measures against common water borne diseases.

QUESTION NO. 5, 6, 7 & 8 IN SEPARATE SHEET

Q7. Write 'True' or 'False' Against the Statements:-

1 X 5 = 5

- i) Group discussion is a one way method of health education. (F)
- ii) Home visiting is the back bone of community health nursing. (T)
- iii) Water pollution may cause diarrhoea. (T)
- iv) Deodorants not only give good smell but also acts as disinfectants. (T)
- v) A series of speeches on the selected topic by experts are called lectures. (~~F~~) *False*

Q8. Match column A with column B

1 X 5 = 5

Column 'A'

Column 'B'

- i) Adolescent health (d)
 - ii) DPT (a)
 - iii) Leprosy (e)
 - iv) AIDS (b)
 - v) Models (c)
- (a) Immunization
 - (b) STD - *Sexually transmitted disease.*
 - (c) A V Aids
 - (d) Menstrual Hygiene
 - (e) Skin Lesion
 - (f) Viral disease

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2014

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper-IV)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTION

1.
 - a) What do you mean 'Epidemiology'?
 - b) Describe the 'Epidemiological Triad'.
 - c) Discuss the different level of prevention of communicable diseases. 2+5+8=15

OR

- a) What is Home Visit?
 - b) Write down the Principles of Home Visit.
 - c) Write down the special points to be remembered during home visit. 2+8+5=15
2.
 - a) Define Communication.
 - b) Describe various methods of communication.
 - c) What are the Barriers of communication & how to overcome these barrier. 2+6+7=15
3.
 - a) Define food.
 - b) Classify food according to their predominant function.
 - c) Write down the importance and different methods of food preservation.
 - d) Describe the function of Vit. C. 2+3+6+4=15
4. **Write short notes on : (any two)** 5x2=10
 - a) Methods of Refuse disposal.
 - b) Functions of Community Health Nurse.
 - c) Noise pollution.
 - d) Control of mosquitoes.

QUESTION NO. 5, 6 & 7 IN SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper - IV) (SUBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hour

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

- Q1. a) What is Health Education ? 2+5+8=15
b) Write about different type of A. V. Aids used during giving Health Education in the community.
c) Prepare a health talk plan on (any one)
i) Prevention of Anaemia in Pregnancy.
ii) Family planning methods.

- Q2. a) Define health. 2+6+7=15
b) Discuss the factors affecting health of an individual.
c) Explain the levels of prevention.

- Q3. a) What is balanced diet? 2+5+2+6=15
b) Write down the different sources & functions of Vit A.
c) List down the name of the diseases caused by deficiency of Vit A.
d) Write down the preventive measures against Vit A - deficiency.

OR

- a) Define the term "Nutrition". 2+5+8=15
b) What are the common nutritional deficiency diseases seen in Indian Children?
c) Enlist the different health programmes of Government of India on prevention of Nutritional deficiency diseases.

- Q4. Write short notes on any two :- 5 x 2=10
a) Cold chain.
b) Uses of Records.
c) Principles of Primary health care.
d) Food Adulteration.

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, & 7 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JUNE-2012

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (PAPER - IV)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

1. a) Define Health.
b) What are the indicators of health?
c) Enlist the principles of Primary Health Care.
d) Explain the level of prevention of communicable disease. 2+3+5+5=15

2. a) Define health education.
b) Describe the scope of Health Education in community.
c) Prepare a health education plan on prevention of PEM (Protein, Energy, Malnutrition) for a group of village mother. 2+5+8=15

3. a) Write down the importance of records & reports in community health nursing.
b) Write all the different types of records you will maintain at BPHC (Block Primary Health Centre). 8+7=15

OR

Short notes on : (any three) :-

5x3=15

- a) Standing Order.
 - b) Aims of Epidemiological study
 - c) Referral System.
 - d) Health team.
-
- a) What do you understand by balanced diet?
 - b) Write down the function and sources of Vit-C.
 - c) List the diseases due to deficiency of Vit-C 2+3+3+2=10

OR

- a) What do you mean by food hygiene?
- b) Mention some of the diseases that are borne through milk and milk handlers.
- c) How milk can be made safe for human consumption? 2+3+5=10

QUESTION NO. 5, 6, 7 IN SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JULY-2013

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper - IV)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

- Q 1** a) Define Primary Health Care. 2+5+8=15
b) Explain the principles of Primary Health Care.
c) Discuss the functions of community Health Nurse for the implementation of Primary Health Care Components.
- Q2.** a) Define Audio-Visual Aids. 2+7+6=15
b) Write down the advantages & limitations of Audio-Visual Aids.
c) What points do you consider while selecting A. V. Aids for an effective health teaching?
- Q3.** a) What do you mean by the term 'Malnutrition'? 2+6+7=15
b) List down the signs & symptoms of Protein-Energy Malnutrition in children.
c) What measures will you provide to family to prevent malnutrition in children?
- Or
- a) What do you understand by the term 'Nutrition'?
b) Write classification of food.
c) Discuss the importance of study of nutrition for nurses. 2+8+5=15
- Q4.** Write short notes on (any two) :- 5 x 2=10
a) Maintenance of cold chain.
b) Road to health card.
c) Health Determinants.

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, & 7 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

1. a) What do you mean 'Epidemiology'?
b) Describe the Epidemiological Triad.
c) Discuss the level of prevention of communicable diseases in brief. 2+4+9=15

2. a) Write about the concept of Community Health Nursing.
b) Explain the importance of Community Health Nursing Process.
c) Discuss about the qualities of a Community Health Nurse. 5+5+5=15

3. a) What do you mean by 'Balanced diet'.
b) Write down the function and sources of Protein.
c) Daily requirement of protein of an adult.
d) Mention the diseases due to deficiency of Protein. 2+7+2+4=15

OR

- a) What do you mean by the term "Nutrition?"
b) Enlist the common nutritional deficiency diseases among children.
c) What measures will you take to prevent malnutrition among the children in a community. 2+5+8=15

4. Write short notes on : (any two) 5x2=10
 - a) Uses of Records.
 - b) Standing order in Community Health Care.
 - c) Health determinants.
 - d) Role and function of a Community Health Nurse in Family Health Services.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing Midwifery (3½ years) Examination - June 2011

Sub : COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (PAPER - IV)

Full Marks : 75

Time Allotted : 3 Hours.

Answer the following questions

- Q1. a) Define Health.
b) What do you understand by environment
c) Describe the environmental health hazards in a big city. $3+3+9 = 15$

- Q2. a) Write down the aims of School Health Services.
b) Enlist the services provided in school health by Community Health Nurse
c) Prepare a Health education plan on maintenance of personal hygiene for school going children (Primary standard) $4+4+7 = 15$

Or

- a) Define Communication
b) Mention the elements of communication
c) What are the barriers of communication and how one can overcome these barrier? $2+5+8 = 15$

- Q3. a) Define food.
b) Write down the classification of food
c) Explain the importance and methods of food preservation and storage. $3+4+8 = 15$

Or

- a) What do you mean by Malnutrition
b) Mention the causes of Malnutrition
c) How will you assess the nutritional status of a community? $3+4+8 = 15$

- Q4. Write Short Notes (any two) :— $5 \times 2 = 10$

- a) Tour Diary of Community health Nurse
b) Importance of Road to Health Card *গুরুত্বপূর্ণ কার্ড, মাইক্রোস্কোপ*
c) Cold Chain
d) Bore hole Latrine.

N. B. : For Question No. 5, 6, 7 & 8 please see separate sheet only.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING – MIDWIFERY (3 YEARS) EXAMINATION, AUGUST – 2017

SUBJECT: Community Health Nursing - I (Paper – IV) (Objective)

FULL MARKS: 20

TIME ALLOWED: 20 mins

Answer on this sheet only.

5. Write the full form of the following abbreviations: 1 X 5 = 5
- a) BPHC Block Primary Health Centre
 - b) UNICEF United Nation International Children Emergency Fund
 - c) ASHA Accredited Social Health Activist
 - d) ORS Oral Rehydrational Solution
 - e) IEC Information Education Communication
6. Fill in the blanks: 1 X 5 = 5
- a) Dengue fever is caused by Aedes mosquito.
 - b) BCG vaccine is given by Intra dermal route.
 - c) Sterilization of milk is done by pasteurization.
 - d) Black board is an example of non-projected aids.
 - e) DOTS is related to the treatment of T.B.
7. Match Column 'A' with that of Column 'B' 1 X 5 = 5
- | | |
|---|---|
| <u>Column A</u>
a) Hepatitis B (ii)
b) AIDS (v)
c) Anaemia (iv)
d) Ricket (i)
e) Worm Infestation (vi) | <u>Column B</u>
i) Vita D deficiency
ii) Food contamination
iii) Viral Infection
iv) Iron and Folic acid
v) water borne disease
vi) Blood borne disease |
|---|---|
8. Write 'True' or 'False' against the following statements: 1 X 5 = 5
- a) A disease in spread from one country to another is called Pandemic. (True)
 - b) Prophylaxis vita-A oil is continued from 9 months to 3 years of age. (F)
 - c) Amla is the richest source of Vita-D (F)
 - d) Cellulose acts as roughage to prevent diarrhea. (F)
 - e) Compulsory use of toilet is the Part of Sachch Bharat Avijan. (T)

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING – MIDWIFERY (3 YEARS) EXAMINATION, AUGUST – 2017

SUBJECT: Community Health Nursing - I (Paper – IV)

FULL MARKS: 75

TIME ALLOWED: 3 HOURS

Answer the following questions.

1. a) Define Home Visit ?
b) Write down the Principles of Home Visit.
c) Write down the special points to be remembered during home visit.

2+8+5 = 15

OR

- a) Define community Health Nursing.
b) Write about the qualities of Community health nurse.
c) Write about the principles of management of minor ailments in community.

2+6+7 = 15

2. a) Define communication.
b) Describe various methods of communication.
c) Write about the Principles of communication.
d) What are the Barriers of communication?

2+6+3+4 = 15

3. a) What do you understand by the term nutrition ?
b) Write classification of food.
c) Discuss the Importance of study of nutrition for nurses.

2+8+5 = 15

4. Write short notes (any two)

5X2 = 10

- a) Air Pollution
b) Immunisation schedule (0-1 year)
c) Balanced Diet
d) Role of a nurse in COUNSELLING.

Question no 5, 6, 7 and 8 are in separate sheet.

8. Write 'True' or 'False' against the following statements:

1 X 5 = 5

- b) BCG vaccination is to be given :-
- i) Subcutaneous.
 - ii) Dermal
 - iii) Intra-venous
 - iv) Intra-dermal
- c) Highest amount of protein is seen in :-
- i) Ground nut
 - ii) Soya bean
 - iii) Bengal gram
 - iv) Mysore dal
- d) Total Oral vit A prophylaxis is given to a child from 9 month to 5 years is :-
- i) 5 Lakh I.U.
 - ii) 9 Lakh I.U.
 - iii) 17 Lakh I.U.
 - iv) 16 Lakh I.U.
- e) A disease which spreads from one country to another, thus in the entire world, is called :-
- i) Sporadic
 - ii) Endemic
 - iii) Pandemic
 - iv) Epidemic

DOT-Directly Observed Treatment for short course.

Dental caries occurs due to fluoride.

Birth should be registered with in 21 days.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (Paper-I) (SUBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

- 1. a) Describe the structure of skin with diagram. 362 7+3=10
- b) List down the functions of skin. 365

- 2. a) Draw a diagram of human heart and label it. 8+7=15
- b) Describe the pulmonary circulation.

OR

- a) Discuss composition of blood. 9+7=16
- b) Explain the mechanism of co-agulation of blood.

- 3. a) List down the different parts of female reproductive organs. 4+6=10
- b) Describe the structure of uterus in brief with the help of diagram

- 4. a) Classify the organisms. 4+3+3=10
- b) Write down the portal of entry and exit of microorganism into the body.
- c) How can you prevent cross infection in the hospital?

5. Write short notes (any two) :- 2x5=10

- a) Neuron
- b) Structure of eye.
- c) Classification of tissues
- d) Synovial joint.

FOR QUESTION NOS. 6, 7, 8 & 9 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JUNE -2012

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (PAPER I)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allotted: 3 Hours

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

- ~~(a)~~ Describe the structure of a human cell.
 - ~~(b)~~ Explain the cell division (Mitosis) in details with the help of diagram. 5+10=15

OR

- Define Joint.
- Classify Joint.
- Describe the characteristics of Synovial Joints with example and diagram. 2+6+7=15

- List down the different parts of respiratory system with diagram.
 - Describe the mechanism of respiration. 8+7=15

OR

- List down the organ of Urinary system.
- Describe the structure of Nephron with diagram.
- List the functions of Kidney. 5+6+4=15

- What is sterilization?
- What are the different methods of sterilization?
- Write down care of rubber goods. 2+5+3=10

A. Short notes (any three) :- 3x5=15

- Systemic circulation.
- Digestion and absorption of protein.
- Cerebrospinal fluid.
- Menstrual Cycle.

QUESTION NO. 5, 6, 7 & 8 IN SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3yrs / 3½yrs) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2017

SUBJECT : BIO-SCIENCE (PAPER-I)

Full Marks : 75

Time Allotted :3 hours

Answer any two from Q. 1 to 3 and Q.4 & Q.5 is Compulsory

1. a) List down the different parts of respiratory system with diagram.
 b) Describe the mechanism of respiration. 8+7=15

2. a) Name the organs of Urinary System.
 b) Describe the structure of Nephron with diagram.
 c) Write down the functions of kidney. 5+7+3=15

3. a) Write down the difference between endocrine and exocrine gland.
 b) List down the different endocrine glands of the body.
 c) Describe the relationship between pituitary gland a hypothalamus. 6+4+5=15

4. a) What is sterilization ?
 b) Write the different methods of sterilization in short.
 c) How will you sterilize sharp instruments ? 2+6+2=10

5. **Write Short Note (Any three):** 5x3=15

a) Factors influencing growth of micro-organism.

b) Conducting System of the heart.

c) Function of liver.

d) Physiology of hearing.

e) Structure of cell.

See separate sheef for Q. No 6, 7, 8 & 9

ROLL NO.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT: BIO SCIENCE (Paper-I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

6. Place a tick mark (✓) against the most suitable answer :

1 X 5= 5

- a) A bony sinus is :-
- i) A narrow slit in the bone.
 - ii) A small flat articulating surface.
 - ✓ iii) A hollow cavity within a bone.
- b) The power house of the cell is:
- i) Ribosome
 - ✓ ii) Mitochondria
 - iii) Endoplasmic Reticulum
- c) Tetanus is caused by :
- ✓ i) Clostridium Tetany
 - ii) Penumococcus.
 - iii) Strepto coccus
- d) Neuro musculo transmeter of the body is :
- i) Calcium
 - ✓ ii) Acetylcholine
 - iii) Dendrite
- e) Common Bile duct is the combination of :
- i) The right and left heplic duct.
 - ii) The cystic duct and pancreatic duct.
 - ✓ iii) The heplic duct and cystic duct.

*clostridium welchi
oelzi
(gangrene)*

7. Fill up the blanks with suitable answer :

1X 5=5

- i) The longest and heaviest bone in the body is Femur
- ii) The largest gland of our body is Liver
- iii) The life span of adult RBC is 120 days.
- iv) Haemoglobin carries O₂ to the tissue.
- v) The cranial cavity is formed by 8 number of bones

P.T.O.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, JUNE -2009

SUBJECT: ANATOMY & MICROBIOLOGY

Full Marks: 75

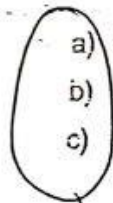
Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.



- a) Draw a diagram of the heart showing the layers composing its wall and its chambers with all the internal structures.
- b) Write the function of the heart.

8+7=15

Or



- a) Define joint.
- b) Write the classification of different joint.
- c) Describe the characteristics of Sinovial joint.

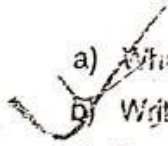
2+5+8=15



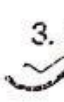
- 2. a) Name the organs of urinary system.
- b) Describe the functions of Bladder.
- c) Describe the microscopical structure of the Kidney with diagram.

2+5+8=15

Or



- a) What is the most basic function of Respiration?
- b) Write the difference between external & internal respiration.
- c) Describe the process of gas exchanges in the lungs & tissues



- 3. a) Describe the classification & characteristics of micro organism.
- b) Discuss the different methods of microbial control.

7+8=15



4. Write short notes (any two)

2x5=10

- a) Insulin
- b) Cross infection
- c) Fallopian Tube

For Question No. 5, 6 See Separate Sheet

09

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2009

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (PAPER - I)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

1. (a) What is gland ?
- (b) How many types of gland are there ?
- (c) Mention two examples of each type of gland.
- (d) Draw a diagram of pancreas.
- (e) Write down the composition of pancreatic juice.

1+2+4+4+4=15

OR

Enlist the different parts of digestive system with diagram :-

15

2. (a) Describe the parts of conducting system of the heart with diagram.
- (b) Write down the meaning and measure of the cardiac output and stroke volume.
- (c) Why the heart sound is produced ?
- (d) What are the total periods of one cardiac cycle ?

6+2+2+3+2=15

OR

- (a) What is pulse ?
- (b) Write down the factors affect on the pulse rate.
- (c) Name three pulse point of our body. (d) Describe the blood flow through the heart.

1+5+3+6=15

3. (a) Name the internal organs of the female reproductive system with diagram. (b) Write down the function of the uterus.

6+4=10

4. Short notes (any three)

3x5=15

- a) Physiology of vision.
- b) Thyroid gland
- (c) Nephron
- d) Physical method of control of organism .

08

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

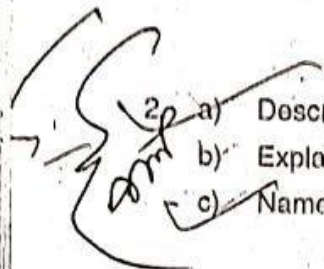
SUBJECT: BIO - SCIENCE

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. Describe the inner structure of the heart with the help of diagram. How the cardiac impulse is transmitted through the heart? Why are the heart sounds produced? Which instrument help us to hear adult heart sound. 7+4+3+1=15

OR



2. a) Describe the structure of a neuron.
b) Explain the functions of neuron.
c) Name the cranial nerve with its area of supply.

3+3+9=15

OR

- a) Write the difference between endocrine and exocrine glands.
b) Describe the structure & functions of Pancreas.

4+5+6=15

3. Short Notes on any two :

2x5=10

- a) Physiology of vision
b) Menstrual cycle
c) Structure of the stomach
d) Autoclave (✓)

4. a) List the different types of micro-organisms. 5
b) Factors affecting growth of micro-organisms. 5

See Question Nos. 5, 6, 7, & 8 In Separate Page

10

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

1. (a) Define tissue.
(b) Classify tissue.
(c) Describe epithelial tissue in details with diagram. 2+6+7=15

2. (a) Name the different parts of urinary system.
(b) Describe the microscopic structure of Kidney with the help of diagram.
(c) Describe the functions of Kidney. 3+7+5=15

OR

- (a) Define joints.
(b) Write the classification of different type of joints.
(c) Describe the characteristics of synovial joints with the help of diagram. 2+5+8=15

3. (a) Describe the classification and characteristics of micro organism.
(b) Discuss the different methods of microbial control. 7+8=15

4. Short notes (any two) 2x5=10

- a) Physiology of Respiration.
b) Neuron
c) Thyroid gland
d) Blood coagulation.

07

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, DECEMBER-2007.

SUB : BIO SCIENCE (ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY INCLUDING MICROBIOLOGY)

TOTAL MARKS : 75

TIME ALLOWED : 3 HOURS

1. Draw a diagram of Stomach and discuss its functions.

Describe the digestion and absorption of protein.

4 + 4 + 7 = 15

2. Discuss composition of blood.

Explain the mechanism of co-agulation of blood.

7 + 8 = 15

OR

What are the different sensory organs of the body?

Describe the anatomical Structure of any one of the sensory organ with diagram.

5 + 10 = 15

4 Write short notes on any two of the following.

5 x 2 = 10

a. Collection of Sputum for Lab test

b. Cross Infection.

c. Factors affecting the growth of micro-organisms.

d. Protals of entry and exit of Micro-organisms.

5. a. What is immunity ?

b. What are the type of immunity?

c. State the immunization schedule of a one year child.

2 + 3 + 5 = 10

(14)

N.B. // SEE QUESTION NO. 6, 7, 8 & 9 ON SEPERATE SHEET //

08

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING AND MIDWIFERY (NEW) EXAMINATION JUNE 2008
SUBJECT: BIO - SCIENCE

FULL MARKS - 75

TIME ALLOWED: 3HRS

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

- 1) a) Name the different parts of Respiratory System.
- b) Describe the structure of lungs with diagram.
- c) Describe the mechanism of respiration.

3 + 7 + 5 = 15

OR

- a) What do you understand by digestion?
- b) Write the purpose of digestion.
- c) Name different digestive juices and their sources of origin.

1 + 4 + 5 + 5 = 15

2)

- a) Name the different parts of urinary system.
- b) Describe the microscopic structure of kidney.
- c) Describe the functions of kidney.

3 + 5 + 7 = 15

OR

- a) Define tissue.
- b) Classify tissue.
- c) Describe epithelial tissue in details.

2 + 3 + 10 = 15

- 3) Describe the different portals of entry and exit of micro - organism in the human body.

5 + 5 = 10

- 4) Write short notes on any two:

5 X 2 = 10

- a) Pulmonary Circulation.
- b) Pasteurization. (✓)
- c) Function of C.S.F.
- d) Synovial joints.
- e) Functions of skin.
- f) Neurone.

Q. No. (5), (6) and (7) are in the separate sheet.

3

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JULY-2013

SUBJECT: BIO SCIENCE (Paper-I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5 Mark 'T' for True Statement and 'F' for False Statement.

1X 5 = 5

- a) The causative organism of Kala - azar is L. Donovan. (T)
- b) Opacity of lens is called cataract (T)
- c) Pulmonary Vein carries de-oxygenated blood. (F)
- d) Life - span of R.B.C. is about 120 days. (T)
- e) Human cells contains 44 chromosomes. (F)

6. Fill up the blanks.

1X 5=5

- a) The inner layer of heart is called endocardium.
- b) The largest membrane in the body is peritoneum.
- c) Insulin is secreted from B' cell of islets of langerhans.
- d) Causative virus for Swine Flue is H1N1.
- e) Patella is a sesamoid bone.

7. Select the most suitable answer with tick (✓) mark:

1 X 5= 5

- a) The cranium protects the delicate tissue of the :
i) Lungs ii) Heart (iii) Brain
- b) The Tympanic membrane is located within the :
i) Inner ear (ii) Middle ear iii) Semicircular canal.
- c) The organism that causes Dengu fever :
i) Bacteria ii) Protozoa (iii) Virus
- d) The enzyme that changes cooked starches to Sugar in the mouth is called :
i) Maltase ii) Lactase, (iii) Amylase
- e) Covering of the bone is called :
i) Peritoneum (ii) Periosteum iii) Pericardium

(2)

8. Match the column - "A" with the that of column 'B' :-

1X 5= 5

COLUMN - "A"

- a) S. A. Node (vi)
- b) Spleen (i)
- c) Polio (ii)
- d) Diaphysis (v)
- e) Antiseptic (iii)

COLUMN - "B"

- i) Destruction of RBC
- ii) Virus
- iii) Savion
- iv) Hand Washing
- v) Long Bone
- vi) Conducting System

13

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JULY-2013

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (Paper-I)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 ½

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

1. (a) Define joint. 2+6+
 (b) Write down the classification of different joints.
 (c) Describe the characteristics of synovial joints with diagram.

OR

- (a) Name the organs of Urinary System. 5+6+
 (b) Describe the structure of Nephron with diagram.
 (c) List down the functions of Kidney.

2. (a) Write the difference between endocrine gland and exocrine gland. 5+3+
 (b) List down the different endocrine glands of the body.
 (c) Describe the Pituitary gland and influence of hypothalamus on the Pituitary gland.

3. Write down the difference between the following terms (any two): 2x
 (a) Active immunity and passive immunity. (10)
 (b) Bacteria and Virus.
 (c) Disinfection and Sterilization. (✓)

Write Short notes (any three):- 3x

- a) Functions of Cerebellum,
 b) Menstrual Cycle.
 c) Connective tissue,
 d) Blood Coagulation.
 e) Functions of Skin.

Aug 15
Jan 13
Apr 14
Jan 14

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, 7 & 8 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

(2)

8. Write 'T' against the True Statement and 'F' against the False Statement. 1X5=5

- a) The secretions of endocrine glands is called hormone. (T)
- b) The measles is caused by virus. (T)
- c) Gall bladder secrets bile. (F)
- d) Circle of willis found in Kidney. (F)
- e) Microscope is discovered by Leuwenhock (T)

9. Match the item column - "A" with the item of column "B" : - 1x5= 5

COLUMN - "A"

- i) Sodium ion (f)
- ii) Dengue (d)
- iii) Malleus (b)
- iv) Rods & Cones (e)
- v) Amylase (c)

COLUMN - "B"

- a) Bacteria
- b) Middle ear
- c) Starch
- d) Virus
- e) Retina
- f) Extra cellular fluid

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT: BIO SCIENCE (Paper-I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

6. Place a tick mark (✓) against the most suitable answer :

1 X 5 = 5

a) A bony sinus is :-

- i) A narrow slit in the bone. (*green stick fracture*)
- ii) A small flat articulating surface.

iii) A hollow cavity within a bone.

b) The power house of the cell is:

i) Ribosome

ii) Mitochondria

iii) Endoplasmic Reticulum

c) Tetanus is caused by :

i) Clostridium Tetany

ii) Penumococcus.

iii) Strepto coccus

d) Neuro muscuio transmeter of the body is :

i) Calcium

ii) Acetylcholine

iii) Dendrite

e) Common Bile duct is the combination of :

i) The right and left hepatic duct.

ii) The cystic duct and pancreatic duct.

iii) The hepatic duct and cystic duct.

7. Fill up the blanks with suitable answer :

1 X 5 = 5

i) The longest and heaviest bone in the body is Femurii) The largest gland of our body is Liveriii) The life span of adult RBC is 120 days.iv) Haemoglobin carries O₂ to the tissue.v) The cranial cavity is formed by 8 number of bones

P.T.O.

(2)

2. Match the item column - "A" with the item of column "B" :-

1X 10= 10

COLUMN - "A"

COLUMN - "B"

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Incus (vii) | i) Malaria |
| b) Amylase (ix) | ii) Autoclave |
| c) Ronald Ross (i) | iii) Ovary |
| d) Clavicle (viii) | iv) Pancreas |
| e) Spore (ii) | v) Destruction of RBC |
| f) The Trachea (x) | vi) Kalazar |
| g) Graafian follicle (xii) | vii) Ear bone |
| h) Spleen (v) | viii) Collar bone |
| i) Insulin (iv) | ix) Strach |
| j) Simple filtration (xi) | x) Wind Pipe |
| | xi) Loop of Henly |

ROLL NO.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013

SUBJECT: BIO SCIENCE (Paper-I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 25

Time Allowed: 25 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5 Mark 'T' for True Statement and 'F' for False Statement.

1X5=5

- a) Pulmonary artery carries de-oxygenated blood. (T)
- b) Fertilization of ovum usually occurs in uterus. (F)
- c) Ankle joint is formed by the distal end of tibia, fibula and talus. (T)
- d) Malaria is caused by protozoa. (F)
- e) Opacity of the lens is called the glaucoma. (F)

6. Fill up the blanks.

1X5=5

- a) The area where various structure enter and leave the liver is called Portal fisser.
- b) The Thoracic duct begins as Cisterna chyli.
- c) Nose is lined with Ciliated columnar epithelium.
- d) Cerebrospinal, fluid (CSF) is secreted by Choroid Plexus.
- e) Hospital acquired infection is called Nosocomial Infection.

7. Select the most suitable answer with tick (✓) mark:

1 X 5= 5

- a) Cardiac cycle lasts for :-
 - i) 0.2 sec
 - ii) 0.8 sec
 - iii) 0.4 sec
- b) The middle layer of tissue of an artery is:
 - i) Tunica Intima
 - ii) Tunica media
 - iii) Tunica adventitia
- c) Amoebic Dysentery is caused by :
 - i) Giardia Larnblia
 - ii) Entamooba Histolytica.
 - iii) Balantinium coli
- d) The lining of the abdominal cavity is :
 - i) Pericardiurn
 - ii) Pleura
 - iii) Peritonium
- e) Rods and cones are present in :
 - i) Internal Ear
 - ii) Spinal Cord
 - iii) Retina.

P.T.O.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (Paper-I) (SUBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

1. (a) Describe the heart with the help of diagram. 10+5=15
 (b) Write down the Pulmonary circulation.
2. (a) List down the sensory organs of the human body. 5+10=15
 (b) Describe the structure of eye with the help diagram.
- OR
- (a) Describe the structure of Neuron.
 (b) Explain the function of Neuron. 5+4+6=15
 (c) Name of cranial nerves with its area of supply.
3. (a) List the different types of micro organisms.
 (b) Describe the factors affecting growth of the micro organisms. 5+5=10
4. Short notes (any two) 2x5=10
- (a) Digestion of Protein.
 (b) Sterilization of glass articles ✓
 (c) Physiology of menstruation.
 (d) Epithelial Tissue.

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, 7 & 8 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2014

SUBJECT: BIO SCIENCE(PAPER I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Encircle the most suitable answer :

1x5=5

a) The Popliteal artery is continuation of --

i) Carotid artery

 ii) Femoral artery

iii) Brachial artery

b) The control of body temperature is the function of --

 i) Hypothalamus

ii) Thalamus

iii) Pons

c) The coronal suture joins --

i) Two parietal bones

 ii) Frontal and parietal bone

iii) Frontal and temporal bone

d) The enzyme responsible for digestion of emulsified fat is --

i) Amylase

 ii) Lipase

iii) Lactase

e) Malaria is a --

 i) Vector borne disease

ii) Water borne disease

iii) Air borne disease

6. Fill up the blanks :

1x5=5

- a) The first branch of the aorta is Coronary artery
- b) The pituitary gland is situated in the Hypophysial fossa of the sphenoid bone.
- c) The temporary or deciduous teeth begins to erupt at the age of 6 year.
- d) The process of development of RBC from stem cell is called Erythropoiesis
- e) B.C.G. immunization is given to protect against T.B.

P.T.O.

(2)

7. Write True (T) or False (F) against the following statement.

1x5=

- a) The pulmonary artery carries the oxygenated blood to the lungs.
- b) The functional unit of the nervous system is nephron.
- c) The respiratory centre is situated in the medulla oblongata.
- d) Axis is the 1st cervical vertebra.
- e) Fertilisation of ovum usually takes place in the fallopian tube.

(F)
(F)
(T)
(F)
(T)

8. Match the items of Column 'A' with that of Column 'B'

1x5=

Column A

Column B

- a) Rods and cones (iv)
- b) Graffian follicle (vi)
- c) Insulin (i)
- d) Tunica intima (vii)
- e) Thyroxine (iii)

- i) Pancreas
- ii) Bacteria
- iii) Thyroid gland
- iv) Retina
- v) Kidney
- vi) ovary
- vii) Inner layer of artery

Tarakeswar class Room

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2014

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (Paper I)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hour

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

- 1. (a) Enlist the organs of respiratory system.
- (b) Describe the structure of lungs with diagram.
- (c) Explain the mechanism of respiration. 3+7+5=15

- 2. (a) Enlist the organs of digestive system.
- (b) Name the different digestive juices and their source of origin.
- (c) Describe the structure and functions of stomach. 3+5+7=15

OR

- (a) Describe the structure of liver with diagram.
- (b) State the functions of liver.
- (c) Explain the digestion of protein. 7+4+4=15

- 3. (a) Define immunity.
- (b) Classify immunity with examples of each
- (c) State the difference between active artificial and passive artificial immunity. 2+5+3=10

OR

- a) What is sterilization?
- b) What are the different methods of sterilization?
- c) How will you sterilize sharp instruments? 2+5+3=10

- 4. Write Short notes (any three) 5x3=15
 - a) Factors affecting blood pressure
 - b) Cerebrospinal fluid
 - c) Simple epithelial tissue
 - d) Menstrual cycle
 - e) Physiology of hearing.

QUESTION NO. 5, 6, 7 & 8 IN SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

15

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2015

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (Paper I)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Answer any two question from question No. 1 to 3 & Question No. 4 & 5 are compulsory.

1. (a) Describe the structure of human cell with diagram.
 (b) Explain mitosis with the help of a diagram. 7+8=15

2. (a) Name the organs of urinary system.
 (b) Describe the microscopic structure of nephron with the help of a diagram.
 (c) Describe the mechanism of formation of urine. 3+6+6=15

3. (a) Describe the formation and circulation of C.S.F. with the help of diagram.
 (b) Write the composition of C.S.F.
 (c) Enumerate the functions of C.S.F. 7+3+5=15

4. a) Classify microorganisms.
 b) Describe the factors influencing growth of the microorganisms. 5+5=10

5. Write Short notes (any three) 5x3=15
 - a) Anterior Pituitary Hormones and its functions.
 - b) Pulmonary circulation.
 - c) Microscope - uses and care.
 - d) Flat bone and its functions.

QUESTION NO. 6, 7, 8 & 9 IN SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2015

SUBJECT: BIO SCIENCE (PAPER I)

(OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

6. Write (T) or (F) against true & false statement.

- a) Two parietal bones unite each other by sagittal suture 1x5=5
- b) F.S.H. is responsible for maturing ovarian follicle. (T)
- c) The right lung has two lobes. (T)
- d) The thoracic duct begins at the cisterna chyli. (F)
- e) Axis is the first cervical vertebra. ATLAS (T)

7. Fill up the blanks :

- a) Liver is the largest gland in the body. 1x5=5
- b) The causative organism of diphtheria is Corynebacterium diphtheriae.
- c) Patella is a Sesamoid bone. Coryneb
- d) The longest fimbria of fallopian tubes is called Ovarian fimbria
- e) Epidermis is composed of stratified Keratinised squamous epithelium.

8. Encircle (O) the most suitable answers :

1x5=5

- a) The connective tissue which bind bone together is called :-
 - i) Tendon.
 - ii) Ligament.
 - iii) Cartilage.
- b) Menstruation occurs when :-
 - i) Ovum is fertilized.
 - ii) Ovum is not fertilized.
 - iii) Ovum is released from ovary.
- c) The optimal temperature for growth of bacteria is :-
 - i) 50°C.
 - ii) 37°C.
 - iii) 15°C.
- d) The end product of protein digestion is :-
 - i) Straches.
 - ii) Amino acid.
 - iii) Fatty acid.
- e) Rods and cones are present in :-
 - i) Sclera.
 - ii) Cornea
 - iii) Retina.

(2)

9. Match the items of Column 'A' with that of Column 'B'

1x5=5

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| a) Away from heart (iii) | i) Sense of smell |
| b) Malaria (iv) | ii) Earbone |
| c) SA node (v) | iii) Artery |
| d) First Cranial nerve (i) | iv) Parasite |
| e) Incus (ii) | v) Pacemaker |
| | vi) Spleen |

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2015

SUBJECT: BIO SCIENCE (Paper-I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Select the most suitable answer with tick (✓) mark: 1 X 5= 5

- a) Insulin is secreted from :-
 i) Liver ii) Stomach iii) Islets of Langerhans
- b) The lining of abdominal cavity is called:
 i) Pleura ii) Pericardium iii) Peritoneum
- c) The permanent teeth begin to replace the deciduous teeth at the age of :
 i) 4 yrs. ii) 6 yrs. iii) 7 yrs.
- d) Rods and Cones are present in :
 i) Internal Ear ii) Spinal Cord iii) Retina.
- e) Mechanical method of sterilization is :-
 i) Boiling ii) Filtration iii) Sunlight

6. Match column - "A" with column "B" : - 1X 5= 5

COLUMN - "A"

COLUMN -"B"

- | | |
|--|----------------------------|
| a) Vermiform Appendix <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (iv) | i) Ovary |
| b) Sesamoid bone <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (v) | ii) Conducting system |
| c) S.A. Node <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (ii) | iii) Destruction of R.B.C. |
| d) Spleen <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (iii) | iv) Colon |
| e) Graffian Follicle <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (i) | v) Patella |

7 Mark 'T' against True Statement & 'F' against False Statement. 1X 5 = 5

- a) The most common name for the pharynx is the voice-box. (F)
- b) A human body has 12 pairs of ribs. (T)
- c) The nucleus contains the hereditary materials DNA (T)
- d) HIV infection may be transmitted by sharing the utensils of the infected person. (F)
- e) Each nephron is an independent urine making unit (T)

P.T.O.

(2)

8. Fill up the blanks.

1X 5=t

- a) The lifespan of R.B.C. is 120 days
- b) Calcitonin is secreted from C-cell of thyroid gland
- c) Kala-azar is caused by Leishmania. Donovanii
- d) Sternum is a Flat bone.
- e) The Meninges protects the delicate tissue of the brain.

Tanaleeswar
MSB
6/01/15

15

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY - 2015

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (Paper I)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

1. (a) Write down the compositions of Blood.
(b) Describe the conduction system of Heart. 7+8=15

 2. (a) Name the different sensory organs of the body.
(b) Draw & label the structure of eye. 7+8=15

 3. (a) Define joint.
(b) Classify different type joints in the body.
(c) Describe knee joint with diagram. 2+5+3=10
- OR
- (a) Describe the structure of Neuron.
(b) Explain the function of Neuron. *X-ray Book*
(c) Write the names of different cranial nerves. 5+4+6=15
-
4. (a) Write down the different modes of transmission of Infection.
(b) Describe the methods of prevention of cross infection in the clinical area. 5+5=10

QUESTION NO. 5, 6, 7 & 8 IN SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ Yrs.) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY -2016

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE (Paper I)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Answer any two Question from Q. No. 1 - 3 & Q. No. 4 & 5 is compulsory.

1. (a) Describe the location, size & shape of the heart.
 (b) Draw the interior of heart & label it.
 (c) Describe cardiac cycle with diagram. 4+7+4=15

2. (a) List down the different parts of female reproductive system.
 (b) Describe the structure of uterus in brief with the help of diagram.
 (c) Write down the function of uterus. 3+7+5=15

3. (a) Draw the diagram of stomach & label it.
 (b) Write the composition & function of gastric juice.
 (c) Discuss the different phases of secretion of gastric juice. 4+6+5=15

4. a) Define pathogenic & non pathogenic organism with example.
 b) Describe the factors affecting growth of the micro organisms. 5+5=10

5. Write Short notes (any three) 3x5=15
 - a) Carrier.
 - b) Structure of Neurone.
 - c) Physiology of vision
 - d) Function of Pituitary gland.
 - e) Blood coagulation.

QUESTION NO. 6, 7, 8 & 9 IN SEPARATE SHEET

Roll No:.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING- MIDWIFERY(3 YRS) EXAMINATION, July 2016.

SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE - (Paper-I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

6. Fill in the blanks:

1 X 5 = 5

- a. Right lung has 3 lobes.
- b. The hammer shaped bone in the middle ear is called Malleus
- c. Nose is lined with ciliated columnar epithelium.
- d. Causative organism of cholera is Vibrio cholerae
- e. The covering of the brain is called Meninges

7. Encircle (O) the correct option:

1 X 5 = 5

- a. The shape of the eye is-
- i) Concave ii) Flat iii) Biconvex iv) None of the above
- b. The outermost covering of the heart is known as-
- i) Perlostium ii) Endocardium iii) Pericardium iv) Perimetrium
- c. CSF is secreted into ventricles of the brain by-
- i) Arachnoid villi ii) Choroid plexus iii) Pituitary gland iv) Dura mater
- d. The building block of protein is-
- i) Acetic acid ii) Lactic acid iii) Amino acid iv) Fatty acid
- e. Breaking down of large molecules in smaller one is known as-
- i) Anabolism ii) Catabolism iii) Analysis iv) Digestion

32
94
805
809
816

319
10
72

8. Match the column A with column B:

1x5 = 5

Column 'A'

- a) 1st branch of arch of aorta. (V)
- b) Perilymph. (IV)
- c) Control of body temperature. (vi)
- d) A.D.H. (ii)
- e) BCG vaccine. (i)

Column 'B'

- i) Tuberculosis.
- ii) Pituitary.
- iii) Carotid artery.
- iv) Cochlea.
- v) Coronary artery.
- vi) Hypothalamus.

9. Write True (T) OR False (F) against the following statements:

1x5 = 5

- i) Hospital acquired infection is known as Nosocomial infection. (T)
- ii) Pancreas is a mixed gland. (T)
- iii) Abnormal cardiac rhythm is known as arrhythmia. (T)
- iv) The anatomical term of the Adams apple is the epiglottis. (F)
- v) Cell nucleus contain the hereditary material as DNA. (T)

Roll No:.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING- MIDWIFERY(3 YRS) EXAMINATION, July 2016.
SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE – (Paper-I) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

6. Fill in the blanks:

1 X 5 = 5

- a. Right lung has 3 lobes.
- b. The hammer shaped bone in the middle ear is called Malleus
- c. Nose is lined with ciliated columnar epithelium.
- d. Causative organism of cholera is Vibrio cholerae
- e. The covering of the brain is called Meninges

7. Encircle (O) the correct option:

1 X 5 = 5

- a. The shape of the eye is-
- i) Concave ii) Flat iii) Biconvex iv) None of the above
- b. The outermost covering of the heart is known as-
- i) Periostium ii) Endocardium iii) Pericardium iv) Perimetrium
- c. CSF is secreted into ventricles of the brain by-
- i) Arachnoid villi ii) Choroid plexus iii) Pituitary gland iv) Dura mater
- d. The building block of protein is-
- i) Acetic acid ii) Lactic acid iii) Amino acid iv) Fatty acid
- e. Breaking down of large molecules in smaller one is known as-
- i) Anabolism ii) Catabolism iii) Analysis iv) Digestion

8. Match the column A with column B:

1x5 = 5

Column 'A'

Column 'B'

- a) 1st branch of arch of aorta. (✓)
- b) Perilymph. (✓)
- c) Control of body temperature. (✓)
- d) A.D.H. (✓)
- e) BCG vaccine. (✓)

- i) Tuberculosis.
- ii) Pituitary.
- iii) Carotid artery.
- iv) Cochlea.
- v) Coronary artery.
- vi) Hypothalamus.

9. Write True (T) OR False (F) against the following statements:

1x5 = 5

- i) Hospital acquired infection is known as Nosocomial Infection. (T)
- ii) Pancreas is a mixed gland. (T)
- iii) Abnormal cardiac rhythm is known as arrhythmia. (T)
- iv) The anatomical term of the Adams apple is the epiglottis. (F)
- v) Cell nucleus contain the hereditary material as DNA. (T)

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WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING- MIDWIFERY(3 YRS) EXAMINATION, July 2016.
SUBJECT: BIO-SCIENCE -- (Paper-I)

Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Answer any two questions from Q. NO: 1-3 & Q. No. 4 & 5 is compulsory.

1. a) Draw a diagram of heart & label it.
b) Describe the pulmonary circulation with diagram. 8+7=15
2. a) Describe the structure of Neuron with diagram.
b) Write the functions of CSF.
c) Write the names of Cranial nerves. 5+4+6=15
3. a) Write the different types of bones with example.
b) What are the functions of bone?
c) Classify the types of bones with examples. 5+3+7=15
4. a) Write the difference between bacteria & virus.
b) Write the different types of bacteria with example & diagram. 5+5=10
5. Write short notes on: (any three) 5 X 3 = 15
- a. Menstrual cycle. ★
 - b. Function of skin. ★
 - c. Human skull.
 - d. Tongue.
 - e. Structure of eye. ★

Questions NO: 6, 7, 8 & 9 are in separate sheet

8. Write 'T' against the True Statement and 'F' against the False Statement.

1X5 = 5

- a) The secretions of endocrine glands is called hormone.
- b) The measles is caused by virus.
- c) Gall bladder secrets bile.
- d) Circle of willis found in Kidney.
- e) Microscope is discovered by Leuwenhock

(T)
(T)
(F)
(F)
(T)

9. Match the item column - 'A' with the item of column 'B' :-

1x5 = 5

COLUMN - "A"

- i) Sodium ion - (f)
- ii) Dengue - (d)
- iii) Malleus - (b)
- iv) Rods & Cones - (e)
- v) Amylase - (c)

COLUMN -"B"

- a) Bacteria
- b) Middle ear
- c) Starch
- d) Virus
- e) Retina
- f) Extra cellular fluid

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING AND MIDWIFERY (NEW) EXAMINATION JUNE 2008

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING

FULL MARKS - 75

TIME ALLOWED: 3Hrs

ANSWER ALL QUESTION

Expected outcome

instead of Evaluation

- 1) a) What are the different routes of administration of medicine?
- b) Describe the safety measures during administration of oral medicine.
- c) How will you take care of medicine cup - board in your ward?

4 + 5 + 6 = 15

- 2) a) Define nursing process.
- b) What are the components of nursing process?
- c) Write down the sources of data collection during admission of a patient.

2 + 5 + 3 = 10

3) Write down the difference in the followings:

2 X 5 = 10

- a) Antiseptics and Disinfectants.
- b) Parotitis and Gingivitis.
- c) Signs and Symptoms.
- d) Boiling and Autoclaving.
- e) Burns and Scalds.

4) Give reasons of each of the followings:

2 X 5 = 10

- a) Importance of collecting midstream urine for culture.
- b) Importance of using flannel cover of hot water bottle.
- c) Importance of offering large amount of liquids to a patient with fever.
- d) Boiling upper part of urine in a test tube during albumin test & using Acetic acid.
- e) Using sodi - bi - carb in mouth care.

5) Write short notes on (any two) of the following:

2 X 5 = 10

- a) Red cross.
- b) Different principles maintained in procedures. (AB → Nancy)
- c) Barrier nursing & isolation.
- d) Drowning.

Handwritten mark resembling a stylized '3' or 'Z'.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (SUBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

- Q. 1) a) Define Nursing. 2+8+5=15
b) Describe the qualities of a nurse.
c) Explain comprehensive nursing care.

OR

Mrs. Pal aged 55 years has been admitted in ward with unconsciousness, you have planned to give oxygen inhalation to Mrs. Pal.

- a) What are the indications of oxygen inhalation? 2+4+3+6=15
b) What are the sign & symptoms indicating the need for oxygen therapy?
c) Write the different methods of administering oxygen.
d) What are the special nursing responsibilities during administration of oxygen to Mrs. Pal?
- Q. 2) a) Enlist the different routes of administration of medicines. 2+5+3=10
b) Discuss the responsibilities of a nurse in administration of intramuscular (IM) Injection.
c) List down common sites of intramuscular injections.
- Q. 3) a) Define First Aid. 2+5+5+3=15
b) Write the rules of First Aid.
c) Describe the First Aid management to control epistaxis.
d) Name three important organizations in India that help in emergency and first aid.

4. Write short note on any two.: 5X2=10
- a) Rigor
b) Barrier nursing
c) Maslow's hierarchy of Needs.
d) Prevention of decubitus ulcer.

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6 & 7 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2015

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What are the different types of admission and discharge ?
b) Explain nurses' role for admission of a patient in the ward.
c) Describe effects of hospitalization on patients and family members. 3+7+5=15

2. a) Define Nursing.
b) Describe the qualities of a nurse.
c) What are the different components of nursing process. 2+7+6=15

OR

Mr. Roy admitted in Medical ward with complain of cough with expectoration.

- a) Describe the different colours of the sputum to be observed. *money-257*
b) Write a one day nursing care plan for Mr. Roy.
c) Explain collection of sputum from Mr. Roy. 4+6+5=15

3. Write short notes on the followings (any three) :- 5x3=15

- a) Ethical behavior of the Nurse.
b) Disinfection and sterilization of sharp instruments.
c) Nurse's day.
d) Care of dead body.
e) Effect of good posture in health.

4. Write the First Aid measures of the following (any two) :- 5x2=10

- a) Insect bites.
b) Fracture of ankle-joint.
c) Acid poisoning.
d) Shock.

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

ROLL NO.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2015

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

(OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Match Column 'A' to Column 'B'

1x5=5

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| a) 1 Litre | i) Left lateral position |
| b) Spore | ii) Blood vomiting |
| c) Enema | iii) Blood in stool |
| d) Inability to sleep | iv) 1000 c.c. |
| e) Haematemesis | v) Clostridium |
| | vi) Insomnia |

6. Fill up the blank :-

1x5=5

- a) Sudden decline of temperature is termed as _____.
- b) Difference between systolic and diastolic pressure is known as _____.
- c) When the patient is lying on bed on his back is called _____ position.
- d) Verbal and non-verbal information obtained from the individual is called _____ source.
- e) The method of separation of an infected person or animal is called _____.

7. Write True or False against the following statements -

1x5=5

- a) Thermogenesis means physical regulation of heat. ()
- b) Antipyretics reduces the temperature. ()
- c) Lack of body fluid leads to dehydration. ()
- d) Signs are experienced by the patient. ()
- e) A very fat and obese bed ridden patient is prone to develop decubitus ulcer ()

8. Encircle (O) the most appropriate answer :

1x5=5

- a) To give Subcutaneous injection the needle is inserted at -
i) 45° angle ii) 60° angle iii) 90° angle iv) 75° angle
- b) Bradycardia means pulse rate -
i) 100 beats/min ii) below 50 beats/min iii) 80 beats/min iv) 72 beats/min
- c) World Health Day is observed on -
i) 12th May ii) 7th April iii) 1st December iv) 2nd October
- d) Purpose of applying tourniquet is -
i) to unite the broken bone ii) to check haemorrhage
iii) to relief pain iv) to improve circulation
- e) Act of swallowing is known as-
i) Deglutition ii) Mastication iii) Dysphagia iv) Dyspepsia

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (SUBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Q. 1) Mrs. Kamala Devis 40 Years lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyper pyrexia.

- Define Hyperpyrexia.
- What are various types of Pyrexia?
- What special points you should keep in mind during taking oral temperature?
- What nursing measures you should take to reduce temperature? 2+4+3+6=15

Q. 2) Mr. A. Roy (60 years) has been admitted in Male Surgical Ward with Lower limbs Paralysis— and you are assigned to take care of him for Prevention of Decubetus Ulcer.

- What do you mean by Decubetus Ulcer?
- What are the factors responsible for Decubetus Ulcer?
- Write down the Preventive measures of Decubetus Ulcer.
- What are articles needed for giving back care? 2+4+6+3=15

Q. 3) Write difference between the following terms (Any five)

5X2=10

- Bradycardia and Tachycardia
- Haemoptysis and Haematemesis.
- Signs and Symptoms.
- Burns and Scald.
- Pyuria and Pyorrhoea
- Disinfectant and Antiseptic.

Or

Give reasons of each of the followings:

5X2=10

- Checking vital signs on the day of operation.
- Fowler's position use for dyspnoea.
- Using shock block after operation.
- Adding common salt in the Ice bag.
- Use of Woulf's bottle while administrating Oxygen.
- Shaking the clinical thermometer before and after taking tempeture.

4. Write short note on any three.:

3X5=15

- Nursing Process.
- Care of Patient with shock.
- Care of Patient with acid poisoning.
- Ethical behaviour of 'Nursing Personnel

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, 7 & 8 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

ROLL NO.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper-III) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Fill up the blanks :-

5X1=5

- a) Absence of breathing for a short period is known as apnea
- b) Difficulty in Micturating is known Disuria
- c) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of 1820
- d) Difference between Systolic and accepted Diastolic pressure is known as Pulse Pressure
- e) Hand washing is necessary for each Procedure to prevent Cross infection
personal hygiene

6. Match the following from Column 'A' to Column 'B'

5X1=5

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Oxygen (iv) | i) Legal documents |
| b) Anorexia (iii) | ii) Offensive breath |
| c) Glycerine (vi) | iii) loss of appetite |
| d) Halitosis (ii) | iv) Dyspnoea |
| e) Medication card (i) | v) Pus in Gum |
| | vi) Emulant |

7. Write 'T' or 'F' against the statement :

5X1=5

- a) Dusting can be done by damp dusting. (T)
- b) Drugs used to reduce temperature is known as Astringent. (F)
- c) Back massage improves and stimulates circulation. (T)
- d) Touch is an important technique for assessment of patient by percussion. (F)
- e) Condys Lotion is prepared by KMnO₄. (T)

P.T.O.

(2)

8. Write tick (✓) marks on appropriate answer :

5X1=5

- a) Proctoscope is used for inspection of —
- i) Colon
 - ii) Rectum
 - iii) Oesophagus
 - iv) None of the above.
- b) Bleeding occurs within 24 Hrs. of operation is known as —
- i) Primary haemorrhage.
 - ii) Secondary haemorrhage.
 - iii) Reactionary haemorrhage.
 - iv) None of the above.
- c) Purpose of applying tourniquet is —
- i) To unite the broken bones.
 - ii) To check haemorrhage.
 - iii) To improve circulation.
 - iv) To relief of Pain.
- d) Act of swallowing is known as —
- i) Deglutition
 - ii) Mastication
 - iii) Dysphagia
 - iv) Dyspepsia
- e) Antidote for strong Alkaline Poisoning are —
- i) Vinegar, Orange or Lemon juice
 - ii) Milk of Magnesia
 - iii) All of the above
 - iv) None of the above

7.

Bleeding from pus →
pyuria

Pus in urine.

ROLL NO.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY - 2016
SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

(OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Write True or False against the following statements -

1x5=5

- a) Self control is an unique quality of a professional nurse. ()
- b) Autoclaving is the best method of sterilization. ()
- c) Sleep is essential for growth and development, ()
- d) Normal pulse rate of a normal adult is 100 b/m. ()
- e) The green leafy vegetables are protective food, ()

6. Fill up the blank :-

1x5=5

- a) Back rest is used to relieve _____.
- b) Best position for giving enema is _____ position.
- c) Hand washing before and after doing any procedure helps to prevent _____ infection.
- d) Difficulty in micturation is known as _____
- e) Inflammation of the gum is called _____

7. Match Column 'A' with Column 'B'

1x10=10

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| a) Haemorrhage | i) Prone to infection |
| b) OD | ii) Relive pain |
| c) Analgesic | iii) Legal document |
| d) Low immunity | iv) Professional nurse |
| e) Sugar in urine | v) Lack of roughage food in diet |
| f) Patients' Record | vi) Safety Measure |
| g) Registered Nurse | vii) If necessary in emergency |
| h) Constipation | viii) Lack of carbohydrate in diet |
| i) Bedside Rail | ix) At once |
| j) Stat | x) Each day |
| | xi) Diabetes mellitus |
| | xii) Hypovolemia |

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ Yrs.) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY -2016

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) Enlist the different routes of administration of medicine.
b) Discuss the safety measures for administration of medicines.
c) List down the common sites of intramuscular injection.
d) Discuss the responsibilities of nurse in administration of intramuscular (I/M) injection.
- 4+4+3+4=15

Or

- a) What do you understand by the term 'Steam Inhalation'?
b) Write down the purposes of steam inhalation.
c) List down the articles which are needed for steam inhalation.
d) What special points you will keep in mind during steam inhalation?
- 2+5+4+4=15
2. Mr. A. Biswas has been admitted in Male medicine ward with both limb paralysis. He needs care for prevention of Decubitus ulcer.
- a) What do you mean by Decubitus ulcer?
b) List down the factors which are responsible for Decubitus ulcer.
c) Discuss the preventive measures of Decubitus ulcer.
d) Mention the treatment of Decubitus ulcer.
- 2+4+5+4=15
3. a) Define First Aid. 1+5+4=10
b) Write the rules of First Aid.
c) Discuss the First Aid Management of Haemorrhage.
4. Write short notes (any three) of the followings :- 3x5=15
- a) Nursing Process
b) WHO
c) Importance of reporting and recording.
d) Importance of activity and exercise.
e) Hospital acquired infection.

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

ROLL NO.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 25

Time Allowed: 25 mnts.

ANSWER ON THE SHEET ONLY

5. Fill up the blanks with appropriate answer :-

1X10=10

- a) Back rest is used to relieve Dysproea
- b) Physical regulation of heat loss in the body is termed as Thermolysis
~~Thermogenesis~~
- c) Examination with the help of stethoscope is called Auscultation
- d) Foot board is used to prevent Foot drop
- e) The position used in vaginal examination is called Lithotomy Position
- f) 1 ounce is equal to 30 c.c.
- g) Florence Nightingale was born on 12th May 1820
- h) Reduction in the angle of joint is known as Arthrodesis
- i) Heat regulating centre in the brain is known as Hypothalamus
- j) Difficulty in swallowing is termed as Dysphagia

6. Match the Column 'A' with Column 'B'

1X10=10

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) Haematuria - (vi) | i) Physical examination |
| b) Hemorrhage - (ix) | ii) Vital sign |
| c) Oliguria - (xi) | iii) Sender |
| d) Pulse - (ii) | iv) Painful micturation |
| e) Contamination - (viii) | v) Lack of roughage in diet |
| f) Assessment - (i) | vi) Blood in urine |
| g) Communication - (iii) | vii) Clients Right |
| h) Respectful care - (vii) | viii) Fomites |
| i) Increase of blood pressure - (x) | ix) Hypovolemia |
| j) Constipation - (v) | x) Anti hypertensive |
| | xi) Less amount of urine |

P.T.O

(2)

7. Give tick marks (✓) in true statement and (X) in false statement :

1X5=5

- i) Antidote is the substance to counteract the effects of poison. (T)
- ii) Dentures are washed in warm water. (F)
- iii) Hypovolemia is reduced calcium level in blood. (F)
- iv) 40 degree C = 104 degree F. (T)
- v) An easily melted medication that is inserted into the body is termed as capsule. (F)

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY-GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) JUNE -2009

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. Namita Sarkar, a 17 years girl has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with Fever —

- Define pyrexia.
- What special precaution would you follow for checking oral temperature?
- Discuss the various types of pyrexia with example.
- Write down management of Namita on the following points.
 - Care during high temperature.
 - Maintenance of nutrition and hydration for Namita.

2+3+4+4+5=18

Or

- Define Nursing process.
- What are the different components of nursing process?
- Explain in details about the methods of data collection by using subjective and objective format.

2+6+10=18

2. Write short notes on (any three) :

3x5=15

- SNA
- Maintenance of Health record
- Burn
- Maslow's hierarchy of Needs
- Decubitus ulcers

3. a) Define haemorrhage

b) What do you mean by primary and secondary haemorrhage.

c) Discuss the First aid management of haemorrhage

2+3+5=10

4. a) Discuss the importance of maintaining clinical records.

5+7=12

b) Explain the role of nurse for maintaining records in legal issues in clinical area.

b) Name the different type of fracture.

c) Discuss the First-Aid management for Raju.

For Question No. 5, 6 & 7, please separate sheet only

✓

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING - I

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. Sima, 18 years girl has been admitted in Female medical with hyperpyrexia —
- a) Define hyperpyrexia.
 - b) What are the common sites of taking body temperature?
 - c) Nursing measures for reducing temperature.
 - d) Maintaining nutritional need for Sima 2+3+7+3=15
- Or
- a) Which patient need special mouth care?
 - b) Write the purposes of special mouth care.
 - c) Mention the special points for giving special mouth care.
 - d) What will happen if you neglect oral hygiene for an unconscious patient 4+4+3+4=15
2. a) Define sterilization.
- b) Name of the different methods of sterilization.
 - c) How will you sterilize syringe & needle in your ward? 2+8+5=15
3. Write short notes on any three : 3x5=15
- a) Ethical behaviour of Nurse.
 - b) First aid management of foreign body in the eye.
 - c) Florence Nightingale.
 - d) Universal precaution
 - e) Taking TPR.
4. Raju, a 11 years old boy, with fracture of leg :- 2+3+5=10
- a) Define the term fracture.
 - b) Name the different type of fracture.
 - c) Discuss the First-Aid management for Raju.

For Question No. 5, 6 & 7, please separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2009

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (PAPER - III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Mrs. Ramala Sen, aged 40 years, is admitted in your ward with cough and dyspnoea.
- Define dyspnoea.
 - Write the indications of giving O₂ inhalation.
 - What nursing measures will you take to relieve her dyspnoea ?
 - What will be your nursing observations during O₂ inhalation to your patient?
- 2+3+6+4=15
2. a) What do you mean by personal hygiene?
b) Enlist the basic nursing needs of a patient?
c) Discuss about factors for promotion and maintenance of good physical health of your patient.
d) What will be the effects of poor oral hygiene?
- 2+3+8+2=15
- OR
- What are the importance of record keeping in clinical area?
 - Write the different type of record to maintain in clinical area.
 - Explain the nurses role in maintaining record.
- 4+5+6=15
3. Write short notes : (any three) 3x5=15
- Qualities of Nurse
 - Shock
 - Pulse
 - Golden rules of First Aid
4. Write the difference between terms : 10
- Tepid sponge and cold sponge
 - Burns and scalds
 - Arterial bleeding and venous bleeding
 - Hot application and cold application
 - Concurrent disinfection and terminal disinfection

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term Assessment ?
b) Write down the importance of Assessment.
c) What are the different methods of Assessment ? 2+3+5=10

2. Mr. Ghosh has been transferred from recovery room to Male Surgical Ward. Doctors has ordered steam inhalation for him :-

- a) What do you understand by the term "Steam Inhalation" ?
b) State the purpose of given inhalation.
c) What precaution will you take during & after the procedure ?
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application. 3+4+4+4=15

OR

Malati Devi a 60 years old lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyperpyrexia.

- a) Define hyperpyrexia.
b) What are the common sites of taken body temperature ?
c) What nursing measures you will take for reducing temperature ?
d) Maintaining nutritional need for Malati Devi 2+3+7+3=15
3. Give reasons of each of the following :- 3x5=15

- a) Checking of vital signs on the day of operation.
b) Consent to be taken from the relative before the operation of the patient.
c) Placing the patient in left lateral position during giving anaemia.
d) Adding common salt in the ice bag.
e) Fowler's position use for relieve dyspnoea.
f) Tourniquet applying for Haemorrhage.
4. What first aid measures you will adopt in the following situation (any two) 2x5=10
- a) Acid Poisoning
b) Foreign body in the nose
c) Electric burn

See Question 5, 6 & 7 on Separate Page

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term Assessment ?
b) Write down the importance of Assessment.
c) What are the different methods of Assessment ? 2+3+5=10

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a) What do you understand by the term "Steam Inhalation" ?
b) State the purpose of given inhalation.
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d) Adding common salt in the ice bag.
e) Fowler's position use for relieve dyspnoea.
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a) Acid Poisoning
b) Foreign body in the nose
c) Electric burn

See Question 5, 6 & 7 on Separate Page

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) JUNE -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. A student nurse caught fire in her clothing in the hostel -
- a) How could you help her to put off the fire ?
 - b) What first aid will you give to her ?
- 5+5=10
2. a) What do you understand by "bed sore"
b) What type of patients are prone to develop "bed sore"
c) Write the required articles to give back care to a bed ridden patient ?
d) What treatment & preventive measure to be taken for bed sore.
- 2+3+5+5=15
- Or
2. a) Define blood pressure.
b) What are the factors, controlling blood pressure ?
c) What are the physiological variations of blood pressure ?
d) Write the methods of taking blood pressure.
- 2+4+3+6=15
3. Write short notes on (any five) :
- 5x5=25
- a) Maintenance of psychological environment in a ward.
 - b) Importance of recording and reporting of a patient on admission.
 - ~~c) Prepare 500 cc of 5% solution. Dettol lotion.~~
 - d) Care of inventory in your clinical area.
 - e) Universal precautions
 - f) Sterilization.

For Question No. 4, 5 & 6 separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2014

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term "steam inhalation" ?
b) State the purpose of giving inhalation.
c) What precautions will you take during & after the procedure?
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application. 3+4+4+4=15
- OR
- a) Explain the procedure of discharge of a patient from medical ward.
b) Write about the Nursing Care of a terminally ill Patient. 7+8=15
2. a) Define vital signs.
b) What are the abnormal characteristics of pulse?
c) Enlist the sites for taking pulse.
d) What are the special points you will keep in mind while taking oral temperature? 3+5+4+3=15
3. a) Define haemorrhage.
b) What do you mean by primary and secondary haemorrhage.?
c) Discuss the first Aid management of haemorrhage. 2+3+5=10
4. Write short notes on (any three) of the following :- 5x3=15
- a) Technique of hand washing.
b) Maintenance of Therapeutic environment.
c) Universal precautions.
d) Prepare 500 cc of 5% dettol lotion.
e) Importance of activity and exercise.

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2014

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Fill up the blank :- 1x5=5
- When the patient is lying on bed on his back is called _____ position.
 - Sudden decline of temperature is termed as _____
 - Florence Nightingale was born in the year of _____
 - Presence of albumin in the urine is termed as _____
 - Difference between systolic and accepted diastolic pressure is known as _____
6. Match the following from Column 'A' to Column 'B' 1x5=5
- | <u>Column A</u> | <u>Column B</u> |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| a) Analgesic | i) Blood in urine |
| b) SOS | ii) Sugar test of urine |
| c) Haematemesis | iii) Insomnia |
| d) Inability to sleep | iv) Relieves pain |
| e) Benedict's solution | v) If necessary in emergency |
| | vi) Blood vomiting |
7. Write True or False against the statement - 1x5=5
- Self contro is an unique quality of a professional nurse ()
 - Patients with restricted movement are more susceptible to bedsore ()
 - Absence of breathing for a short time is termed as grunting. ()
 - The special instrument for examination of eye is known as proctoscope. ()
 - Antipyretics reduces the temperature. ()
8. Encircle the most appropriate answer : 1x5=5
- Act of swallowing is termed as -
i) Mastication ii) Micturation iii) Diglutition iv) Defaecation
 - Anti rabies vaccine was discovered by -
i) Louis Pasteur ii) Robert Koch iii) Edward Jenner iv) Alexander Fleming
 - To give Intermascular injection the needle is inserted at -
i) 45° angle ii) 90° angle iii) 60° angle iv) 75° angle
 - Inflammation of the tongue is termed as :
i) Tooth decay ii) Parotitis iii) Gingivitis iv) Glossitis
 - Bradycardia means pulse rate -
i) 100 beats / min ii) Below 50 beats / min iii) 80 beats / min iv) 72 beats / min.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING - I (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

Answer on this sheet only

5. Fill up the blanks with suitable words :

1x5=5

- a) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of 1820, 12th May
- b) Hearing the Heart sound by stethoscope is called Auscultation
- c) Handwashing before & after doing any procedure to prevent Cross infection
- d) Inflammation of the gum is Gingivitis
- e) Difficulty in swallowing is known as Dysphagia Dysphagia

6. Write 'T' against 'True' and 'F' against 'False' statement

1x5=5

- a) Analgesic is used to reduce temperature. (F)
- b) Lack of Fluid leads to dehydration (T)
- c) Condy's lotion is prepared with Potassium Permanganate (T)
- d) 12th May is observed as World Health day 7th April (F)
- e) Offensive breath is termed as cheilosis Halitosis (F)

7. Match Column A with Column B

1x10=10

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|--------------------------|---|
| a) Glossitis (x) | i) High roughage diet |
| b) Anorexia (vii) | ii) Blood pressure |
| c) Glycerine (v) | iii) Sugar in urine |
| d) Dysuria (vi) | iv) If necessary in emergency |
| e) Anorexia (vii) | v) Emollient (e) |
| f) Sphygmomanometre (iv) | vi) Burning or difficulty in micturation (d) |
| g) Glycosuria (iii) | vii) Loss of appetite (c) |
| h) S.O.S. (iv) | viii) Absence of breathing for short-time (j) |
| i) Constipation (j) | ix) at bed time (o) |
| j) H.S. (ix) | x) Inflammation of tongue (a) |
| | xi) Inflammation of lips |

Roll No.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, AUGUST - 2003

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks - 20

Time Allowed : 20 Minutes

// Answer On This Sheet Only //

Match the item of Column - A with the item of Column - B :-

1x10=10

COLUMN - A

COLUMN - B

- | | |
|-----------------------|---|
| 1. Intermittent fever | a) Twice a day |
| 2. Stat | b) 140 beats / min. (10) |
| 3. Injection | c) Gun shot injury (6) |
| 4. Helitosis | d) Malaria (4) |
| 5. World Health Day | e) Parenteral route of administration of Medicine (3) |
| 6. Lacerated injury | f) Heat regulating Centre (9) |
| 7. Slapton | g) Stage of unconsciousness |
| 8. Acidosis | h) 7th April (5) |
| 9. Hypothalamus | i) Offensive breath (4) |
| 10. Tachycardia | j) 50 beats / min. |
| | k) At once (3) |
| | l) Blood P _h lower than normal (8) |

6. Fill in the blanks :-

1x5=5

- A patient who complains of insomnia is usually given Sedative group of drugs.
- Black Stool due to presence of blood is known as Melena
- An individual who spreads infection without suffering himself is called Carrier
- When patient lying in bed on his abdomen, that position is prone position.
- The steps of nursing process are assessment, planning care, Implementation, evaluation.

7. Write "T" against the True and "F" against the False Statement :-

1x5=5

- The special instrument for examination of eye is known as proctoscope. F
- Lack of body fluid leads to dehydration. T
- Burning or difficulty in micturition is termed as dysuria T
- Application of heat hastens the physical and chemical process of suppuration.
- While cold sponging, the temperature reduced by the process of radiation. F

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, JUNE -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

Answer on this sheet only

4. Fill up the blanks : 5

- a) Examination of the part of the body by feeling or by sensation of touch is known as Palpation
- b) Splint in fracture is used to immobilize of the limb.
- c) Bleeding at the time of injury is known as haemorrhage
- d) Freezing point of water is 0°c
- e) Inflammation of gum is known as gingivitis

5. Circle 'T' if the answer is True and 'F' if the answer is False. 10

- a) Dirty linens can be put on the floor to avoid contact with clean linen. (F)
- b) Back massage relaxes muscles and stimulates circulation. (T)
- c) The cool water bath is ordered to relieve pain. (F)
- d) Dentures are washed in warm water. (F)
- e) Tachycardia means rapid pulse. (T)
- f) Poor oral hygiene may lead to parotitis (F)
- g) Usual ratio of pulse to respiration is 1:2 (T)
- h) Drugs used to reduce pain are known as Astringent (F)
 - i) Voiding small amount of urine is termed as polyurea (F)
 - j) Purpose of applying "tourniquet" is to check haemorrhage (F)

6. Match Column A with that of Column B 1x10=10

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
1) Sitz bath	a) Dyspnoea
2) Swelling	b) High Roughage Diet
3) Oxygen	c) Albumin in urine
4) Constipation	d) Bad oral hygiene
5) One pint	e) Sugar test of urine
6) Stomatitis	f) Difficulty in breathing during supine position.
7) Scalds	g) objective sign
8) Orthopnea	h) moist heat
9) Benedict's Solution	i) 500 cc
10) Pathogenic	j) Warm bath to pelvic region
	k) Capable of producing diseases

Preliminary 1st confirmation Examination
Session July 2010- June 2011
Sub: Fundamental of Nursing

Time Allowed - 25 mins.

Objective Type

7. Match the column A with column B.

1X10=10

- Column A
- a) One pint (I)
 - b) Gingivitis (V)
 - c) Apnoea (IV)
 - d) Haemoptysis (II)
 - e) Haremnaturia (III)
 - f) draw sheet (IX)
 - g) Hand washing (VI)
 - h) soiled linen (VII)
 - i) closed bed (VIII)
 - j) 5% disinfection (X)

- Column B
- i) 500cc in sputum
 - ii) Blood in the urine
 - iii) 500cc
 - iv) Absence of breathing for short time
 - v) Inflammation of the gum
 - vi) cross infection
 - vii) receptacle
 - viii) No patient
 - ix) Disinfection
 - x) 12" below from the top.

8. Write the sentence is true (T) or false (F)

1X10=10

- a) The morning temperature is higher than the evening temperature is called continuous fever ()
- b) True crisis when the temperature falls and does not rise again ()
- c) State of collapse is a temperature below 100 degree F (F)
- d) The normal pulse rate in adult is 80 to 90 beats per minute (F)
- e) A new born infant has a pulse rate of 140 beats per minute (F)
- f) Normally for every degree of rise of temperature over 100 degree the pulse rate increase to about ten beats. (T)
- g) Inspiration means breathing out. (F)
- h) Dicrotic pulse means double beat of heart (F)
- i) Where the exchange of gases in between blood & tissue is called inspiration ()
- j) Regularly irregular pulse beat is called auricular flutter. ()

9. Fill up the blanks.

1X5=5

- a) Instruments for measuring body temperature is known as thermometer
- b) Chemical regulation of heat production is called thyroid
- c) There is a variation of more than two degrees between the morning and evening temperature and does not reach to normal called intermittent fever
- d) Our heat regulation centre is hypothalamus
- e) The normal pulse rate in adult 70-80 beats per minute.

ROLL NO

REGIONAL NURSING COUNCIL

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Preliminary Nursing-Midwifery (New) Examination, February-2006

SUBJECT :: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks : 15

Time Allowed : 15 Minutes

// Answer On This Sheet Only //

6. Match the Column-A with Column-B of the followings :- 10 X 1 = 10

COLUMN - "A"

COLUMN - "B"

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. Sitz Bath (h) | a) Left lateral position \ |
| B. O ₂ inhalation (j) | b) If necessary in emergency) |
| C. Constipation (i) | c) Clostridium tetany |
| D. S.O.S. (b) | d) Father of Medicine |
| E. Dysuria (k) | e) Pus in Urine |
| F. Sharak (d) | f) Blood Pressure |
| G. Sphygmomanometre (l) | g) Sugar in Urine |
| H. Spore (c) | h) Warm bath to pelvic region |
| I. Enema (a) | i) Rouge |
| J. Glycosuria (g) | j) Difficulty in breathing |
| | k) Pain during Micturition |

7. Fill in the blanks with suitable word :- 5 X 1 = 5

- a) Name of Father of Surgery in India *Susruta*
- b) Sharp instruments are best sterilized by *Hot air oven*
- c) Inflammation of the gum is *gingivitis*
- d) One litre is equal to *1000 cc* c.c.
- e) Difficulty in swallowing is known as *dysphagia*

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, December - 2006

Sub : Fundamentals of Nursing (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks - 20

Time Allowed : 20 Mins

// Answer On This Sheet Only //

5. Match Column-A with Column-B :

10

COLUMN - 'A'	COLUMN - 'B'
a) Gingivitis IV	i) Loss of appetite
b) Cubicle system V	ii) Painful micturation (1)
c) Apnoea X	iii) Paralysis of one side of the body
d) Anorexia I	iv) Inflammation of gums (1)
e) Glycerine (VII)	v) Isolation technique
f) Green sputum VI	vi) Gangrene of lungs (1)
g) Hemiplegia III	vii) Emollients
h) Paracyte IX	viii) Bone is broken and internal organs injured
i) Dysuria II	ix) Kala Azar
j) Complicated fracture VII	x) Absence of breathing for short time
	xi) Close fracture

6. Fill the blanks

5

- Antirabies vaccine was discovered by Louis Pasteur.
- Splint in fracture is used for Support immobilization.
- Sharp instrument is best sterilised by Hot air oven autoclaving.
- Difficulty in swallowing is known as Dysphagia.
- One litre is equal to 1000 cc.

7. Write True or False against the following statements

5

- Anipyretics reduces the temperature (T)
- 12th May is observed as World Health Day → 7th April (F)
- Potassium Permanganate is called Condy's lotion (T)
- Thermogenesis means physical regulation of heat loss (F)
- Offensive breath is termed as cheilosis Halitosis (F)

NTS

Roll No

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, DECEMBER, 2007

SUB: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (OBJECTIVE)

Full marks: 15

Time Allowed: 15 mins.

// ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY //

Handwritten marks and scribbles.

5. Fill in the blanks .

(5 X 1 = 5)

- a. Respiratory center is situated in the Medulla Oblongata
- b. Passing of black tarry stool is termed as Melena
- c. Break in the continuity of the bone is known as Fracture
- d. Florence Nightingale was born in the year 1820, 12 May
- e. Distension of abdomen with gas is called Flatulence

6. Encircle the best answer :

(5 X 1 = 5)

- a. All are effects of application of local heat EXCEPT :
 - i) Pain relief
 - ii) Muscle relaxation
 - iii) Healing
 - iv) Decreased blood flow.
- b. Anti rabies vaccine was discovered by :
 - i) Louis Pasteur
 - ii) Robert Koch
 - iii) Edward Jenner
 - iv) Alexander Fleming
- c. Oral temperature is taken when the patient:
 - i) Is unconscious
 - ii) Is confused
 - iii) Has a nasogastric tube
 - iv) Below 5 years of age
- d. Act of swallowing is termed as :
 - i) Mastication
 - ii) Micturition
 - iii) Deglutition
 - iv) Defaecation
- e. Care of the dying patient includes the following EXCEPT :
 - i) Eye care
 - ii) Mouth care
 - iii) Active range of motion exercise
 - iv) Position change

7. Match the column "A" with column "B".

(5 X 1 = 5)

Column - A

Column - B

- 1. Sitz Bath (d)
- 2. Low Immunity (e)
- 3. Oxygen (a)
- 4. Constipation (b)
- 5. One pint. (c)

- a) Dyspnoea. (c)
- b) High roughage diet. (f)
- c) 500 ml. (s)
- d) Anal surgery.
- e) Prone to Infection. (o)
- f) Objective sign. (i)

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
 PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING & MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION.
 AUGUST - 2004

Roll No.

Sub: - Fundamentals of Nursing - (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks - 20

Time allowed - 20 min.

(ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY)

5. Fill in the blanks :

- a) Cholera is known as the "Father of Medicine" 1 x 5 = 5
- b) Antibiotics Vaccine was discovered by Emmett
- c) Splint in Fracture is used to immobilise the limb.
- d) Pus formation in the Socket of teeth occurs after infection of Gum is called Parodontitis
- e) Examination of a pus by feeling or by sensation of fluctuation is known as fluctuation

6. Write 'T' against the correct answer & 'F' against the incorrect answer.

- a) Sir Henry Dunant was the founder of Red Cross. 1 x 5 = 5
- b) A very lean & thin bedridden patient is prone to develop decubitus ulcer. (T)
- c) Absence of breathing for short time is termed as grunting. (T)
- d) Analgesic is used to reduce temperature. (F)
- e) While cold sponging the temperature is reduced by the process of evaporation. (F)

7. Match the Column 'A' with Column 'B'

- | Column - A | Column - B |
|--------------------------------|--|
| a) Ronald Ross (iii) | Burning uric acid in micturition |
| b) Haemoptysis (xii) | Sudden decline of fever |
| c) Dysuria (i) | Less amount of urine |
| d) Crisis (vi) | Egg albumin |
| e) Paralysis (v) | Gangrene of the lungs |
| f) Oliguria (iv) | Fractured bones protruding through skin |
| g) Complicated fracture (viii) | Bone is broken & internal organs injured |
| h) Melena (xi) | Black tarry stool |
| i) Green sputum (vii) | Paralysis of one side of the body |
| j) Acid poisoning (x) | Paralysis of both upper & both lower limbs |
| | ii) Coughing with blood |

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Annual General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, August - 2005

Sub: Fundamentals of Nursing (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks : 20

Time Allowed : 20 Mnts

// Answer On This Sheet Only //

5. Match the Column-A with Column-B :-

210 } 1x10=10

COLUMN - 'A'

COLUMN - 'B'

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a) Melaena <u>VI</u> | i) At once |
| b) Hypothalamus <u>VII</u> | ii) Four times a day |
| c) Oliguria <u>VIII</u> | iii) Emollient |
| d) Stat <u>I</u> | iv) 100°C |
| e) Cheilosis <u>IX</u> | v) Offensive breath |
| f) Q. D. S. <u>II</u> | vi) Inflammation of lips |
| g) Q. D. <u>IX</u> | vii) Heat regulating centre |
| h) Boiling point <u>V</u> | viii) Small amount of Urine |
| i) Vaseline <u>III</u> | ix) Each day |
| j) Halitosis <u>IV</u> | x) Black and Tarry colour stool |
| | xi) Alternate day |

6. Fill the blanks

1x5=5

- a) Foot board. is used to prevent foot drop.
- b) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of 1820.
- c) The best position for giving enema is left-lateral.
- d) When patient is lying on bed on abdomen, this position is called Prone. position.
- e) Hand washing before and after doing any procedure to prevent Cross infection

7. Write 'T' against "True" and 'F' against "False" statement

1x5=5

- a) Analgesic is used to reduce temperature. (F)
- b) Lack of Fluid leads to dehydration. (T)
- c) The special instrument for examination of eye is known as Proctoscope. (F)
- d) Autoclaving is the best method of sterilisation. (T)
- e) Dusting can be done best by damp dusting. (T)

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery (New) Examination -2007

Fundamentals of Nursing (Objective)

Full Marks: 20 ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

Time Allowed: 20min.

5. Match Column 'A' with Column 'B'

1 X 10 = 10

Column-'A'

Column-'B'

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1) Malaria (b) | a) Less-amount of urine |
| 2) Oliguria (a) | b) Block Terry stool (f) |
| 3) Stat (f) | c) 100°C |
| 4) Q.D.S. (e) | d) Coughing of blood (g) |
| 5) O.D. (g) | e) 4 times in a day |
| 6) Boiling Point (c) | f) At once |
| 7) Freezing Point (h) | g) Once in a day |
| 8) World Health day (i) | h) 0°C |
| 9) Hemoptysis (d) | i) 7th April |
| 10) Haemetemesis (k) | j) 12th May |
| | k) Vomiting of blood. (l) |

6. Write 'T' against true statement and 'F' against the False statement.

1 X 10 = 10

1. Dentures are taken out at the time of Sleeping (T)
2. Brady Cardia means rapid pulse (F)
3. Bleeding at the time of injury is known as haemorrhage (T)
4. Inflammation of the gum is called gingivitis (T)
5. Lack of body fluid leads to dehydration (T)
6. Sharp instruments are best sterilized by boiling (F)
7. Voiding of urine with blood is known as Haematuria (T)
8. Sterilization means free from all organisms. (T)
9. Back massage relaxes muscles only and not Stimulates Circulation (F)
10. Antiplague Vaccine was discovered by Robert Koch (F)

Continuation of ... of Nursing (Objective)

2. Purpose: () against most suitable answer 1.5.

a) In which type of physical examination, a stethoscope is

- 1) Percussion
- ii) Auscultation
- iii) Palpation
- iv) ...

b) Act of swallowing is termed as

- i) Mastication
- ii) Micturition
- iii) Deglutition
- iv) Defaecation

c) Antirabies vaccine is discovered by

- 1) Robert Koch
- ii) Edward Jenner
- iii) Louis Pasteur
- iv) Alexander Fleming

d) In case of sleeping tablet poisoning

- i) Give 100ml. Salph 2 tea spoon full in a glass of water to induce vomiting
- ii) Hot coffee
- iii) Keep him awake
- iv) All of the above

e) S.H.A. is a branch of

- 1) ...
- ii) T.N.A.I.
- iii) I.P.N.I.
- iv) None of the above

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
 Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, AUGUST-2002
 SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING(OBJECTIVE)

Dec-2007
 Jun-2007

Time Allowed : 20 mnts.

All Marks : 20

Answer On This Sheet Only

Match the Column - A with Column - B of the following :

10

COLUMN - 'A'

1. Sudden decline of temperature (e)
2. Orthopnea (c)
3. S.O.S. (a)
4. Compound fracture (g)
5. C.M. (h)
6. Antirabies Vaccine (d)
7. Stridor (b)
8. Pyuria (f)
9. One Liter (i)
10. Sitzbath (j)

COLUMN - 'B'

- a. If necessary (3)
- b. Whistling sound with each forced inspiration
- c. Difficult respiration in supine position (2)
- d. Louis Pasteur (6)
- e. Crisis
- f. Pus in Urine (8)
- g. Fractured bone protruding (4)
- h. Tomorrow morning (5)
- i. 1000 c.c. (9)
- j. Congestion of pelvic organs (11)
- k. 500 c.c.
- l. Each morning (1)

7. Fill in the blanks :

1 x 5 = 5

1. Florence Nightangle was born in the year 1820
2. Distension of abdomen with gas is called flatulence
3. Pulse rate above 120 is known as tachycardia
4. Drugs used to reduce pain is known as Analgesic
5. When patient is lying on bed on his abdomen his position is called prone position.

8. Encircle the best answer :

1 x 5 =

1. All are effects of application of local heat except -
 (a) Pain relief (b) Muscle relaxation (c) Healing (d) Decreased blood flow
2. Antirabies Vaccine was discovered by -
 (a) Louis Pasteur (b) Robert Koch (c) Edward Jenner (d) Alexander Fleming
3. Rectal temperature should not be taken when the patient -
 (a) Is unconscious (b) Is confused (c) Has a nasogastric tube (d) Had rectal surgery
4. Act of swallowing is termed as -
 (a) Mastication (b) Micturition (c) Deglutition (d) Defaecation
5. Care of dying patient includes the following except -
 (a) Eye care (b) Mouth care (c) Active Range of motion exercise (d) Position change

P.T.S. 1ST Confirmation Test, Sep: 08
Fundamental of Nursing (Objective)

Name Roll No

Q. No. 6. Match the column 'A' with column 'B' 1x10=10

'A'	'B'
1. Cheilosis ()	i) inflammation of the lips.
2. Otitis (✓)	ii) inflammation of the middle ear
3. Gingivitis (✓)	iii) inflammation of the gums
4. Glossitis (✓)	iv) inflammation of the tongue
5. Sinusitis (✓)	v) inflammation of sinus cavities
6. Stomatitis (✓)	vi) inflammation of the mucous membrane of mouth
7. Pyorrhoea (✓)	vii) pus in the tooth socket.
8. Anorexia (✓)	viii) loss of appetite
9. Periodontitis (✓)	ix) Dental caries
10. Stomatitis (✓)	x) fever

Q. No. 7. Fill up the blanks: 1x10=10

- Nursing is one of the oldest and noble profession
- Nursing is concerned with all people healthy and sick, rich and poor, young and old.
- Economising the time material & energy.
- A cheerful nurse acts like a medicine for patient.
- Mouth is one of the chief route of entry for bacteria.
- Potassium permanganate $KMnO_4$ 1:6000 called Condy's solution
- Sodium bicarbonate paste - a water solution of $NaHCO_3$ produces weak carbonic acid
- Mouth gag is used for unconscious patient.
- Vaseline used in mouth care as Emollient.
- A bed is ready for a new patient is called Admission bed

Q. No. 8. Give 'yes' or 'no' against write answers, 1x10=10

- | | | |
|--|------------|------------|
| a) Give pillow under the head of a unconscious patient. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| b) beds are essential for optimum rest relaxation and sleep. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| c) While making the anatomy of body must be remembered by the nurse. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| d) While stripping fold the bedding from the top to the bottom folding each articles separately. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| e) Wash hands only after each procedure. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| f) Place the centre of the makintosh 12 inch down from the bottom. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| g) During bed making soiled linen keep on the floor. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| h) A bed is prepared for a patient who cannot get out of bed. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| i) Punctuality should become part of nurse way of life. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |
| j) Self Control is an unique which develops the poise and demeanour of a professional nurse. | (yes/no) | (yes/no) |

Enevia

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
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Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, MARCH- 2003

Subject : Fundamentals of Nursing (OBJECTIVE)

X

Full Marks : 20 // Answer on this sheet Only // Time Allowed : 20 M

5. Match the Column-'A' with that of Column-'B' :- 1 X 10 =

<u>COLUMN - 'A'</u>	<u>COLUMN - 'B'</u>
a) Charaka	i) Sudden attack of shivering accompanied by light tempera (c)
b) B.D.	ii) To measure Blood Pressure (e)
c) Rigor	iii) Auscultation (m)
d) Freezing point of water	iv) Loss of appetite (g)
e, Sphygmomanometer	v) Oxygen (h)
f) Dysuria	vi) Thrice a day
g) Anorexia	vii) Father of medicine (a)
h) Dyspnoea	viii) Pain during urination (d)
i) Asphyxia	ix) Twice a day (b)
j) Method of physical examination	x) 100°C (o)
	xi) Drowning (l)

6. Write True or False against the statement :- 1 X 5 = 5
- a) Potassium Permanganate is called condy's lotion. T
 - b) Articles for admission bed are same as open bed. F
 - c) Mid Stream urine means urine collected in the mid time of a day. F
 - d) Drugs used to reduce temperature are known as antipyretics T
 - e) 12th May is celebrated as World Health Day. F

7. Fill in the blanks :- 1 X 5 = 5
- a) Inflammation of lips is termed as cheilosis
 - b) The abbreviation Ung is stands for Ointment
 - c) Local hot and cold applications transfer temperature to an from the body by Conduction
 - d) Moist Heat application is introduced to aid in stimulating peristalsis and defecation.
 - e) Steps in Nursing Process are Assessment, Planning, Care intervention and evaluation

ROLL NO

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery (New) Examination, February-2006

SUBJECT ::: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING(OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks : 15

Time Allowed : 15 Minutes

//Answer On This Sheet Only //

6. Match the Column-A with Column-B of the followings :- 10 X 1 = 10

COLUMN - "A"

COLUMN - "B"

- A. Sitz Bath (h)
- B. O₂ inhalation (j)
- C. Constipation (i)
- D. S.O.S. (b)
- E. Dysuria (k)
- F. Charak (d)
- G. Sphygmomanometre (f)
- H. Spore (c)
- I. Enema (g)
- J. Glycosuria (a)

- a) Left lateral position (I)
- b) If necessary in emergency (D)
- c) Clostridium tetany (H)
- d) Father of Medicine (f)
- e) Pus in Urine
- f) Blood Pressure (a)
- g) Sugar in Urine (j)
- h) Warm bath to pelvic region (A)
- i) Roupage (C)
- j) Difficulty in breathing (B)
- k) Pain during Micturition (E)

7. Fill in the blanks with suitable word :- 5 X 1 = 5

- a) Name of Father of surgery in India *Sushruta*
- b) Sharp instruments are best sterilized by *Autoclave*
- c) Inflammation of the gum is *Gingivitis*
- d) One litre is equal to *1000 ml* C.C.
- e) Difficulty in swallowing is known as *Dysphagia*

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, DECEMBER, 2007

SUB: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (OBJECTIVE)

Full marks: 25

Time Allowed: 15 mins.

// ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY //

5. Fill in the blanks :

(5 X 1 = 5)

- a. Respiratory center is situated in the Medulla oblongata of brain.
- b. Passing of black tarry stool is termed as Melaena (Melena)
- c. Break in the continuity of the bone is known as Fracture
- d. Florence Nightingale was born in the year 1820
- e. Distension of abdomen with gas is called Tympanitis Tympanitis
~~Flatulence~~ Flatulence

6. Encircle the best answer :

(5 X 1 = 5)

- a. All are effects of application of local heat EXCEPT :
 - i) Pain relief ii) Muscle relaxation ~~iii) Healing~~ iv) Decreased blood flow.
- b. Anti rabies vaccine was discovered by :
 - i) Louis Pasteur ii) Robert Koch iii) Edward Jenner iv) Alexander Fleming.
- c. Oral temperature is taken when the patient:
 - i) Is unconscious ii) Is confused iii) Has a nasogastric tube
 - ~~iv) Below 5 years of age~~
- d. Act of swallowing is termed as :
 - i) Mastication ii) Micturition iii) Deglutition iv) Defaecation
- e. Care of the dying patient includes the following EXCEPT :
 - i) Eye care ii) Mouth care iii) Active range of motion exercise iv) Position change

7. Match the column "A" with column "B".

(5 X 1 = 5)

Column - A

- 1. Sitz Bath d
- 2. Low Immunity e
- 3. Oxygen a
- 4. Constipation b
- 5. One pint. c

Column - B

- a) Dyspnoea.
- b) High roughage diet.
- c) 500 ml.
- d) Anal surgery.
- e) Prone to infection.
- f) Objective sign.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, JUNE-2009

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

Answer on this sheet only

1x10=10

5. Match Column A with Column B

Column A	Column B
a) Hematemesis (x)	i) Anticoagulant
b) Hypothalamus (vii)	ii) Four times a day
c) Pyuria (viii)	iii) Emollient
d) Heparin (i)	iv) Killing of Spore
e) Cheilosis (vi)	v) Offensive breath
f) Q.D.S. (ii)	vi) Inflammation of lips
g) Antitussic agent (ix)	vii) Heat regulating centre
h) Autoclaving (iv)	viii) Pus in Urine
i) Vaseline (iii)	ix) Cough suppressant
j) Halitosis (v)	x) Blood vomiting
	xi) Alternate day

6. Fill up the blanks with suitable words: 1x5=5

- The act of swallowing is known as deglutition
- Florence Nightingale was born in the year 1820
- Antirabies vaccine was discovered by Louis Pasteur
- One litre is equal to 1000 C.C.
- Hand washing is needed before and after doing any procedure to prevent infection

7. Write 'T' against 'True' and 'F' against 'False' statement: 1x5=5

- Dusting can be done best by damp dusting (T)
- Condy's Lotion is prepared from hydrogen peroxide (F)
- The Trendelenburg position is used in operations for pelvic area (T)
- The difference between systolic and diastolic pressure is known as pulse pressure (T)
- Thermogenesis means physical regulation of heat (F)

ROLL NO.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER-2008

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING - I (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

Answer on this sheet only

5. Fill up the blanks with suitable words : 1x5=5

- a) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of 1820
- b) Hearing the Heart sound by stethoscope is called Auscultation
- c) Handwashing before & after doing any procedure to prevent Cross Infection
- d) Inflammation of the gum is Gingivitis
- e) Difficulty in swallowing is known as Dysphagia

6. Write 'T' against 'True' and 'F' against 'False' statement 1x5=5

- a) Analgesic is used to reduce temperature. (F)
- b) Lack of Fluid leads to dehydration (T)
- c) Condy's lotion is prepared with Potassium Permanganate (T)
- d) 12th May is observed as World Health day (F)
- e) Offensive breath is termed as cheilosis (F)

7. Match Column A with Column B x10=10

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
a) Glossitis (X)	i) High roughage diet
b) Apnoea (viii)	ii) Blood pressure
c) Glycerine (v)	iii) Sugar in urine
d) Dysuria (vi)	iv) If necessary in emergency
e) Anorexia (vii)	v) Emollient
f) Sphygmomanometer (ii)	vi) Burning or difficulty in micturation
g) Glycosuria (iii)	vii) Loss of appetite
h) S.O.S. (ix)	viii) Absence of breathing for short-time
i) Constipation (i)	ix) at bed time
j) H.S. (ix)	x) Inflammation of tongue
	xi) Inflammation of lips

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, December - 2006

Sub: Fundamentals of Nursing (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks - 20

Time Allowed: 20 Mnts

// Answer On This Sheet Only //

5. Match Column-A with Column-B :-

10

COLUMN - 'A'	COLUMN - 'B'
a) Gingivitis (iv)	i) Loss of appetite
b) Cubicle system (v)	ii) Painful micturition
c) Apnoea (x)	iii) Paralysis of one side of the body
d) Anorexia (i)	iv) Inflammation of gums
e) Glycerine (vii)	v) Isolation technique
f) Green sputum (vi)	vi) Gangrene of lungs
g) Hemiplegia (iii)	vii) Emollients
h) Paracete (ix)	viii) Bone is broken and internal organs injured
i) Dysuria (ii)	ix) Kala Azar
j) Complicated fracture (viii)	x) Absence of breathing for short time
	xi) Close fracture

6. Fill the blanks

5

- a) Antirabies vaccine was discovered by Louis Pasteur
- b) Splint in fracture is used for Immobilization
- c) Sharp instrument is best sterilised by Autoclave
- d) Difficulty in swallowing is known as Dysphagia
- e) One litre is equal to 1000 cc

7. Write True or False against the following statements

5

- a) Antipyretics reduces the temperature (T)
- b) 12th May is observed as World Health Day (F)
- c) Potassium Permanganate is called Condy's lotion (T)
- d) Thermogenesis means physical regulation of heat loss (F)
- e) Offensive breath is termed as cheilosis (F)

ROLL NO.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, August - 2005

Sub: Fundamentals of Nursing (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks - 20

Time Allowed : 20 Mnts

// Answer On This Sheet Only //

5. Match the Column-A with Column-B :-

1x10=10

COLUMN - 'A'

COLUMN - 'B'

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a) Malaena <u>V</u> | i) At once |
| b) Hypothalamus <u>VII</u> | ii) Four times a day |
| c) Oliguria <u>VIII</u> | iii) Emollient |
| d) Stat <u>i)</u> | iv) 100°C |
| e) Cheilosis <u>VI</u> | v) Offensive breath |
| f) A. D. S. <u>II</u> | vi) Inflammation of lips |
| g) O. D. <u>IX</u> | vii) Heat regulating centre |
| h) Boiling point <u>IV</u> | viii) Small amount of Urine |
| i) Vaseline <u>III</u> | ix) Each day |
| j) Halitosis <u>V</u> | x) Black and Tarry colour stool |
| | xi) Alternate day |

6. Fill the blanks

1x5=5

- a) Foot board rest is used to prevent foot drop.
- b) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of 1820.
- c) The best position for giving enema is left lateral position.
- d) When patient is lying on bed on abdomen, this position is called Prone position.
- e) Hand washing before and after doing any procedure to prevent Cross infection.

7. Write 'T' against "True" and 'F' against "False" statement

1x5=5

- a) Analgesic is used to reduce temperature. (F)
- b) Lack of Fluid leads to dehydration. (T)
- c) The special instrument for examination of eye is known as Proctoscope. (F)
ophthalmoscope (T)
- d) Autoclaving is the best method of sterilisation. (T)
- e) Dusting can be done best by damp dusting. (T)

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL P.M

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER-2009

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I (Paper - IV)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Question No. 4 is Compulsary and answer any three from other questions

1. a) Define health. 27
b) What do you mean by environment? 5/15
c) Describe the environmental health hazards of any metropolitan city. J.P. 4.2 page 2+3+10=15

OR

- a) How water is being polluted? 49
b) write down the common water borne diseases. 49
c) What measures will you take to prevent water borne diseases? 5/15 4+4+7=15
2. a) Define the term Nutrition? 89
b) Mention the common Nutritional diseases found in India.
c) Prepare a lesson plan to provide health teaching to a group of mother to prevent vit 'A' deficiency diseases in children. 2+6+7=15

OR

- a) Classify 'food'. 90
b) What is P.E.M.? 129
c) Write down the importance and methods of food preservation and storage. 5+3+7=15
3. a) Write down the aims of school health-services. 334
b) School health services are important dimensions of community health --- explain it. 114
c) List the services provided in the school health by the community health nurse. 335 3+8+4=15

OR

- a) What do you mean by communication? 315
b) Write in brief the methods of communication. 316 2+8+5=15
c) Write the barriers of communication. 316 2x5=10
4. Write short notes on : (any two)
- a) Malaria is a health problem. 103
b) Immunity. 160
c) A.V. aids 317

ROLL NO.....

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, August - 2005

Sub : Community Health Nursing - I (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks - 30

Time Allowed : 30 Minutes

Answer On This Sheet Only

6. Mark 'T' for True statement and 'F' for false statement :

1x10=10

- a. Composting is a method of refuse disposal. T
- b. Sewage in waste water which does not contain human excreta. F
- c. All vaccines can be stored for few month at 2 to 8°C. T
- d. Plague is transmitted through Rat fleas. T
- e. Burning of coal can cause air pollution. T
- f. Mid arm circumference of the children are measured for identification of malnutrition. T
- g. Milk is a good source of iron. F
- h. Poliomyelitis is water borne disease. F
- i. Symposium is a series of speeches on the selected subject by experts. T
- ① A pandemic is an outbreak of disease attacking many people in one place at the same time. F

7. Fill up the blanks :-

1x5=5

- a) Copper 'T' is a Temporary method of Family Planning.
- b) The diseases which are transmitted from animal to man are named as Zoonoses
- c) A person who harbour disease agents without showing signs and symptoms is called Carrier
- d) Home available fluids is to be given to the child in case of Diarrhoea
- e) Immediate destruction of micro-organisms present in the infected materials throughout the course of illness is called Concurrent disinfection

8. Select the most suitable answer with tick(✓) mark.

1x5=5

- a. A vaccine may be made up of
 - i) Weakened virus
 - ii) Killed bacteria
 - iii) Both (i) and (ii)
 - iv) None of the above
- b. Pasteurization means
 - ✓ Sterilisation of milk
 - ✓ Killing only pathogenic organism
 - ✓ Killing only spore forming organism

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. a) What do you mean by Family Health Nursing Care ?
b) Write the role & function of a community health Nurse in family health services. 5+5=10

Or

a) State the purpose of home visiting.
b) How you will plan for home visit?
c) What all principles you will follow while home visiting. 3+3+4=10
2. a) Define Health Education.
b) Prepare a health education plan to a group of mothers on "Prevention of Night blindness"
c) What are the principles you will follow while rendering health education. 2+7+6=15
3. a) What do you understand by Balance diet?
b) Write down the function and source of vit C.
c) List the disease due to deficiency of vit C. 2+3+3+2=10
4. Write short notes (any three) 3x5=15
 - a) Referral System
 - b) Dimension of Health
 - c) Essential requirement of records
 - d) Cold Chain

For Question No. 5, 6, 7 & 8 See Separate Sheet

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, AUGUST-2001

Subject :: Fundamentals of Nursing

Full Marks : 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

1. a) What are the different routes of administration of drugs ?
b) Describe the safety measures during administration of oral medicine.
c) How will you take care of the medicine cupboard in your ward ?
 $5 + 6 + 4 = 15$
2. Smt. Roy, 65 years old lady has been admitted in Medical Ward in unconscious state. You have been assigned to take care of her for prevention of bed sore -
a) Define bed sore.
b) What are the common sites of the body liable to bed sore ?
c) What are the articles required for back care ?
d) What observations will you make during back care ?
e) How will you record the procedure ?
 $2 + 3 + 5 + 3 + 2 = 15$
- OR
- a) What are the purposes of giving 'steam inhalation' ?
b) What articles are required for giving 'steam inhalation' ?
c) Describe the procedure of 'steam inhalation'.
d) What precautions will you take during and after this procedure ?
 $3 + 4 + 5 + 3 = 15$
3. State reason of each of the following :- $2 \times 5 = 10$
a) Importance of collecting mid-stream urine for culture.
b) Placing the patient in left lateral position during giving enema.
c) Damp dusting is better than dry dusting.
d) Importance of using woulfe's bottle during administration of oxygen.
e) Removing dentures of an unconscious patient.
4. Write SHORT NOTES on any two of the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$
a) Nursing measures in retention of urine.
b) Golden Rules of First Aid.
c) Care of rubber goods.
d) Nurses' Day.

W.B. :: For Question No. 5,6,7 and 8 see separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, June, 2001.

Sub: Fundamentals of Nursing

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hrs.

1) Sm. Leela Roy, admitted in the surgical ward, has undergone cholecystectomy operation, steam inhalation needed for this patient.

- a. What is steam inhalation ?
- b. What are the purposes of steam inhalation ?
- c. Describe the articles needed for this procedure.
- d. What special points to be kept in mind for this procedure.

$2+5+5+3 = 15$

- 2) a. Define fever.
- b. What is the ratio between normal pulse & temperature ?
- c. Describe the method of taking oral temperature.
- d. How will you disinfect the thermometers?

$2+1+2+5 = 15$

- 3) a. What is Decubitus ulcer?
- b. Describe the conditions where decubitus ulcer may develop.
- c. How can you prevent the development of decubitus ulcer in a patient?

$2+5+3 = 15$

4) Write short notes on any two (5x 2) = 10

- a. Golden rules of First aid
- b. Snake bite.
- c. Care of rubber goods.
- d. Collection of specimen.

See question No. 5, 6 & 7 in separate sheet.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, AUGUST-2002

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING

Full Marks : 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Answer all the questions :

1. a) What are the different routes of administration of medicines?
b) Describe the safety measures during administration of oral medicine.
c) How would you take care of poisonous drugs in your ward? $5+6+4=15$

2. a) What are the purposes of steam inhalation?
b) What precautions you will take during administration of steam inhalation?
c) Write down the body's responses to local heat application. $3+4+3=10$

3. a) What is decubitus ulcer?
b) What are the predisposing factors responsible for developing decubitus ulcer?
c) What are the purposes of giving back care?
d) What special point you will remember while giving back care? $2+3+5+5=15$

Or,

- a) Define vital signs.
b) What are the abnormal characteristics of pulse?
c) What are the special points you will keep in mind while taking oral temperature?
d) Enlist the sites for taking pulse, $3+5+4+3=15$

4. a) What is wound?
b) What are the different types of wounds?
c) What first aid you will give for a sharp wound in palm? $1+4+5=10$

Or,

- a) What first aid measures you will adopt in following situations :-
i) Snake bite, ii) Drowning, iii) Corrosive poisoning, iv) Foreign body in the nose, v) Electric Burn $2 \times 5 = 10$

5. Give REASONS :

1. Maintaining aseptic technique during surgical dressing.
2. Using shock blocks after operation.
3. Keeping unconscious patient in Supine position with head turned to one side.
4. Giving left lateral position during enema.
5. Maintaining intake and output chart in case of fever.

For Question No. 6, 7 & 8 please see separate sheet

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (NEW) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2002

SUBJECT :: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING

Full Marks : 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Answer All Question

1. Mohini, a 16 yrs old school girl has been admitted in the Medical Ward with Hyperpyrexia.

- a) Define 'Pyrexia'.
b) Discuss the nursing management of the girl under the following heading -

- i) Nursing measures for reducing temperature before arrival of doctor.
ii) Maintaining nutritional need.
iii) What are the common sites of taking body temperature?
iv) What are the advantages of taking temperature by mouth?

$2 + 5 + 3 + 3 + 2 = 15$

2. a) What is steam inhalation?
b) What are the purposes of steam inhalation?
c) Discuss at least 3 condition where steam inhalation may be useful to the patient.
d) What are the special points to be kept in mind while giving steam inhalation?

$1 + 4 + 3 + 5 = 13$

Or

Mrs. Bose who has undergone an abdominal operation has developed constipation. You are to prepare plain water enema for Mrs. Bose.

- a) Define 'Enema'.
b) State the different types of enema.
c) What precautions would you take while giving plain water enema to Mrs. Bose.

$3 + 6 + 6 = 15$

3. Write Short Notes on (Any Three):- $5 \times 3 = 15$

- a) Importance of recording
b) Red Cross
c) S.F.A.
d) Care of dead body

4. First Aid treatment for the following emergencies : (Any Two)

- a) Epistaxis
b) Foreign body in the eye
c) Fracture Radius

$5 \times 2 = 10$

N.B. :: For Question No. 5, 6 & 7 see separate sheet

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY(NEW) EXAMINATION,
DECEMBER – 2002

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING

FULL MARKS : 75

TIME ALLOWED : 3 HOURS

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) Define Nursing Process.
b) What are the component of Nursing Process ?
c) Write the method of date collection.
- 5+5+5 = 15**
2. a) What are the purposes of giving mouth care?
b) What articles will you collect for giving mouth care to an unconscious patient
c) What complications may arise in this patient due to poor oral hygiene
- 5+5+5 = 15**
- OR**
- Mrs. Chatterjee aged 70 years is admitted in your ward with fracture femur.
- a) What type of bed will you prepare for her?
b) What special article you will collect to prepare this bed ?
c) How will prevent bed sore in this case ?
- 3+4+8 = 15**
3. Give the reasons for the following :- **5 x 3 = 15**
a) Giving alkali to a casualty who have swallowed acid.
b) Using tourniquet ion case of snake bite.
c) Pinching the bridge of the nose in case of epistaxis
d) Use of back rest in case of dyspnoea.
e) Checking temperature of water before giving enema.
4. Write the difference between any Five of the following :- **5 x 2 = 10**
a) Medical Asepsis and Surgical Asepsis
b) Systolic pressure and Diastolic pressure
c) Parotitis and Gingivitis
d) Bradycardia and Tachycardia
e) Haemoptysis and Haematemesis
f) Signs and Symptoms
g) Burns and Sealds

***** SEE QUESTION NO. 5,6,7 & 8 IN SEPARATE SHEET.**

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
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Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, MARCH - 2003

Subject :: Fundamentals of Nursing

Full Marks : 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

Answer all Questions

1. Mr. Ajay Sen 56 yrs old man is admitted in Male Medical Ward with respiratory distress.
 - a) What are the indications of oxygen inhalation ?
 - b) What are the signs & symptoms indicating the need for oxygen therapy ?
 - c) Write the different method of administering oxygen ?
 - d) What are the Special Nursing responsibilities during administration of oxygen to Mr. Sen ?

3 + 4 + 3 + 5 = 15

2.
 - a) List the characteristics of normal urine.
 - b) How you will collect urine specimen for routine and for culture examination ?
 - c) As a first year student nurse, what measures will you adopt in case of retention of urine? 4 + 6 + 5 = 15

OR

 - a) Define Blood Pressure?
 - b) What are the factors controlling the blood pressure ?
 - c) What are the physiological variation of blood pressure ?
 - d) Write the methods of taking blood pressure ? 2 + 4 + 2 + 7 = 15

3. Give REASONS of the following statement : (ANY FIVE) - 5 X 2 = 10
 - a) Remove dentures of an unconscious patient.
 - b) Closing doors and windows and putting off fan while giving bed bath.
 - c) Using heart table in cardiac bed.
 - d) Washing of hands before and after a procedure.
 - e) Importance of keeping nursing records.
 - f) Keeping water below the spout of the inhaler during giving steam inhalation.

4. Write the first aid measures for the following emergencies - (any THREE) :- 3 X 5 = 15
 - a) Foreign body in the eye.
 - b) Dog bite.
 - c) Epistaxis.
 - d) Confused wound on leg.
 - e) Fracture radius

// N.B. :: For Question Nos. 5, 6 & 7 see separate sheet only//

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

ELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, AUGUST - 2003

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING

Marks : 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours

(Answer any THREE questions from Q1 to Q4 and Question No. 5 is compulsory)

Mr. Dubey admitted in Medical Ward with complain of fever, cough with expectoration. You, as a first year student nurse assigned to observe him :-

- What do you understand by the term observation?
- Enlist the importance of observation .
- Write the principle of observation.
- During collection of sputum, how you will help Mr. Dubey?

2+5+4+4=15

- What are the importance of record?
- Write the different types of record you must maintain.
- Explain about the nurses role in maintaining records?

4+5+6=15

Ms. Sinha admitted in Surgical Ward for an abdominal Operation :

- How can you classify the operative procedure in terms of seriousness?
- Write the preparation of Mrs. Sinha on the day of operation.

3+12=15

Give REASONS for the following :-

3x5=15

- Back rub prevents bed sore.
- Offering large amount of liquids in respiratory infection.
- Use of woulf's bottle while administrating oxygen.
- In special case placing the dead body in a plastic cover bag.
- Use the back rest for patients having dyspnea.

Raju, a 11 years old boy, with fracture of leg :-

- Define the term fracture.
- Write about the different types of fracture.
- Discus the first aid management for Raju.

2+3+5=10

N. B. : For Question No. 5, 6 & 7 please see the separate sheet Only.

// WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL //

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY, 2004

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING

Time : Allowed : 3 Hours

Full Marks : 75

Answer all the questions :

1. Mrs Chatterjee aged 60 years, unconscious has been admitted in Female Medical Ward. You have planned to give 'Back Care' to Mrs Chatterjee.

- a) What are the purposes of giving back care?
- b) What special points do you consider while giving back care to Mrs. Chatterjee ?
- c) What are the articles required for giving 'Back Care'?

5+5+5 = 15

2. Explain the difference between the following terms (any five) of the following :-

- a) Signs and Symptoms.
- b) Bradycardia and Tachycardia.
- c) Antiseptics and Disinfectants.
- d) Burns and scald.
- e) Haemoptysis and Haematemesis.
- f) Dyspnoea and Apnoea.
- g) Pathogenic and Non pathogenic Microorganism.

5x3 = 15

3. Write Short Notes on ANY TWO (5x2) = 10

- a) Golden Rules of first Aid.
- b) Special Mouth Care.
- c) Dog bite.

4. Rani is suffering from severe upper respiratory tract infection. You are setting up one tray for giving steam inhalation.

- a) What articles you will collect for giving steam inhalation?
- b) Explain the purposes of giving steam inhalation.
- c) What precautions will you take during and after the procedure ?

3+3+4 = 10

N.B.: Question No. I, II & III see separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION,
AUGUST - 2004

Sub : Fundamentals of Nursing

Full Marks : 75

Time allowed : 3 Hours

1. Sipra, a 14 years old girl has been admitted in the Female Medical ward with hyperpyrexia.
- Define hyper pyrexia.
 - What are the Common sites for taking body temperature?
 - What are the Special points to be kept in mind while taking oral temperature.
 - Write down the nursing care plan for the management of the girl under the following headings :-
 - Nursing measures for reducing temperature.
 - Maintaining nutritional need.
 - Maintaining Comfort & safety.

2+2+2+6+5+3=20

OR

- Mention the different routes for administration of medicines.
- Explain the various safety measures of administration of oral medicines,
- How would you take care of Medicines & Poisonous drug.
- Write the meaning of the following abbreviation :-
 - A. C
 - O. D
 - S.O.S
 - H.S
 - Tr.
 - Q.D.S

4+6+4+6=20

2. Give reasons :-

5x2=10

- Adding common salt in the Ice bag,
- Placing the patient in left lateral position for giving enema,
- Checking of vital signs on the day of operation.
- Consent to be taken from the relative before the operation of the patient.
- Removing dentures of an unconscious patient.

3. What First Aid measures you will adopt in following situations (any two)

2 x 5 = 10

- Snake bite
- Drowning
- Acid poisoning.

4. Write short notes (any three)

3 x 5=15

- Ethical behaviour of the nurse.
- S. N. A
- Universal precaution
- Care of dead body,

N B :- For questions No. 5, 6 & 7 please separate sheet

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, August - 2005

Sub : Fundamentals of Nursing

Full Marks - 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours.

Answer the following questions :

1. Mina Devi, 65-yrs old lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with lower limb paralysis, you have assigned to take care of her for prevention of Decubitus Ulcer --
 - a) What is decubitus Ulcer ?
 - b) What are the predisposing factors responsible for decubitus Ulcer ?
 - c) Write down the Preventive measures.
 - d) Point out the common sites of decubitus uleer.

2+3+7+3=15

2.
 - a) What do you mean by Special Mouth Care ?
 - b) Write the purposes of Special mouth care.
 - c) Mention the special points for giving special mouth care.
 - d) What will happen if you neglect oral hygiene to an unconscious patient ?

2+5+3+5=15

3.
 - a) Define nursing process.
 - b) What are the components of Nursing Process?
 - c) Write down the sources of data collection during admission of a patient.

2+5+3=10

4. Write Short Notes on any three of the followings :- 5x3=15
 - a) Fracture
 - b) Building of good health habits.
 - c) Principle of Bandaging.
 - d) Characteristics of mentally healthy person.

// N.B. For Question No. 5, 6 & 7 see separate sheet Only //

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery Examination, December - 2006

Sub : Fundamentals of Nursing

Full Marks - 75

Time Allowed : 3 Hours.

1. A young girl has been sent to medical ward from emergency with high fever
- How will you receive the patient ?
 - Write a call book to the doctor for this patient.
 - What observations you will make and make records.
 - What immediate nursing measures will you adopt for this patient prior to arrival of doctor ?
- 5+5+5+5=20

Or

- Mention different routes of administration of medicines.
 - How would you take care of medicines & poisonous drug.
 - Prepare 1 litre of 1 : 40 carbolic lotion from 1 : 20 carbolic lotion in stock.
 - Write the meaning of following abbreviation.
P.C., O.D., Stat, T.D.S., H.S. Tr./ Syr .
- 4+5+5+6=20

2. Write short notes : any three.
- Ethical behaviour of nurse.
 - S. N. A.
 - First aid management of foreign body in the eye.
 - Red Cross.
- 3x5=15

3. Give reasons : (any five)
- Using shock block after operation.
 - Offering large amount of liquids in respiratory infection.
 - Removing dentures of an unconscious patient.
 - Consent to be taken from relative before the operation of a patient.
 - Placing the patient in left lateral position for giving enema.
 - Adding common salt in the ice bag.
- 5x2=10

4. Explain the difference between the following term (any five)
- Burn & Scald.
 - Haemoptysis & Haematemesis.
 - Antiseptic & disinfectant.
 - Signs & Symptoms.
 - Bradycardia & Tachycardia.
 - Pathogenic organism & Nonpathogenic organism.
- 5x2=10

SEE QUESTION NOS. 5, 6 & 7 IN SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

Preliminary General Nursing-Midwifery (New) Examination, June -2007

Subject : Fundamental of Nursing

Full Marks : 75

Time Allowed : 3 hours.

1. Kamala Devi, a 72 years old lady has been admitted in your ward with Paralysis of lower limbs. On examination you have found a small abrasion on her Sacral region.

- What is your assessment of Kamala Devi ?
- What are the Causes of bed sore ?
- What are the Common sites of bed sore ?
- What are the warning signs and symptoms of bed sore.

1 + 3 + 4 + 4 + 3 = 20

OR

Ranu a 20 years old girl admitted with hyperpyrexia.

- Define the term hyperpyrexia.
- Discuss the nursing management Ranu under the following headings.

- Nursing measures for reducing temperature.
- Describe the method of taking, recording & reporting of temperature, pulse and respiration.
- Maintain the nutritional need of the said patient.

2 + 5 + 3 + 5 = 20

2. Give reasons (any five)

5 X 2 = 10

- Use of heart table in Cardiac bed.
- Washing of hands before and after procedure.
- Use of bed blocks after spinal anaesthesia.
- Use of tourniquet after amputation of limb.
- Giving mouth wash four hourly to a very-sick-person.
- Use of sand bags.

3 X 5 = 15

3. Short notes (any three)

3 X 5 = 15

- Care of rubber goods.
- Principle of Bandaging,
- Fracture
- Care of dead body.

4. Write down the nurses responsibilities during Collection of urine for routine examination, As a first year student nurse, What measures will you take to relieve the retention of urine ?

5 + 5 = 10

//SEE QUESTIONS 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 & 10 IN SEPARATE SHEET//

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, DECEMBER, 2007

SUB: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

Full marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 hours.

1. Mala, a fifteen years old girl had appendisectomy, doctor has ordered steam inhalation for her
- What do you understand by the term "Steam Inhalation"?
 - State the purpose of giving Steam Inhalation.
 - What precautions you will take before, during and after the procedure? $2+6+12 = 20$
2. a. What are the importances of keeping records in clinical fields?
b. Write the different type of records maintained in clinical fields.
c. Explain Nurses role in maintaining the records. $4+5+6 = 15$
- OR**
- Mention the different routes for the administration of medicine.
 - Explain the various safety measures of administration of oral medicine.
 - Write the meaning of the followings:-
i) A.C. ii) O.D. iii) S.O.S. iv) H.S. v) Tr. $4+6+5 = 15$
3. Explain the difference between the followings terms (any three)
- Bradycardia and Tachycardia
 - Antiseptics and Disinfectants.
 - Burns and Scald.
 - Haemoptysis and Haematemosis.
 - Pathogenic and Non-pathogenic Organism. $5 \times 3 = 15$
4. Write short notes (any two)
- Golden rules of First Aid
 - S.N.A.
 - Sterilization. $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - Red Cross.

N.B. : For Question No. 5, 6, 7 see separate page

✓

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING AND MIDWIFERY (NEW) EXAMINATION JUNE 2008
SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING

FULL MARKS - 75

TIME ALLOWED: 3HRS

ANSWER ALL QUESTION

- 1) a) What are the different routes of administration of medicine?
b) Describe the safety measures during administration of oral medicine.
c) How will you take care of medicine cup - board in your ward?

4 + 5 + 6 = 15

- 2) a) Define nursing process.
b) What are the components of nursing process?
c) Write down the sources of data collection during admission of a patient.

2 + 5 + 3 = 10

- 3) Write down the difference in the followings:

2 X 5 = 10

- a) Antiseptics and Disinfectants.
b) Parotitis and Gingivitis.
c) Signs and Symptoms.
d) Boiling and Autoclaving.
e) Burns and Scalds.

- 4) Give reasons of each of the followings:

2 X 5 = 10

- a) Importance of collecting midstream urine for culture.
b) Importance of using flannel cover of hot water bottle.
c) Importance of offering large amount of liquids to a patient with fever.
d) Boiling upper part of urine in a test tube during albumin test & using Acetic acid.
e) Using sodi - bi - carb in mouth care.

- 5) Write short notes on (any two) of the following:

2 X 5 = 10

- a) Red cross.
b) Different principles maintained in procedures.
c) Barrier nursing & isolation.
d) Drowning.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING - I

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. Sima, 18 years girl has been admitted In Female medical with hyperpyrexia —
- Define hyperpyrexia.
 - What are the common sites of taking body temperature?
 - Nursing measures for reducing temperature.
 - Maintaining nutritional need for Sima
- 2+3+7+3=15
- Or
- Which patient need special mouth care?
 - Write the purposes of special mouth care.
 - Mention the special points for giving special mouth care.
 - What will happen if you neglect oral hygiene for an unconscious patient
- 4+4+3+4=15
2. a) Define sterilization.
- Name of the different methods of sterilization.
 - How will you sterilize syringe & needle in your ward?
- 2+8+5=15
3. Write short notes on any three :
- Ethical behaviour of Nurse.
 - First aid management of foreign body in the eye.
 - Florence Nightingale.
 - Universal precaution
 - Taking TPR.
- 3x5=15
4. Raju, a 11 years old boy, with fracture of leg :-
- Define the term fracture.
 - Name the different type of fracture.
 - Discuss the First-Aid management for Raju.
- 2+3+5=10

For Question No. 5, 6 & 7, please separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY-GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) JUNE -2009

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. Namita Sarkar, a 17 years girl has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with Fever —

- Define pyrexia.
- What special precaution would you follow for checking oral temperature?
- Discuss the various types of pyrexia with example.
- Write down management of Namita on the following points.
 - Care during high temperature.
 - Maintenance of nutrition and hydration for Namita.

2+3+4+4+5=18

Or

- Define Nursing process.
- What are the different components of nursing process?
- Explain in details about the methods of data collection by using subjective and objective format.

2+6+10=18

2. Write short notes on (any three) :

3x5=15

- 1) SNA 2) Maintenance of Health record 3) Burn 4) Maslow's hierarchy of Needs
- 5) Decubitus ulcers

3. a) Define haemorrhage

b) What do you mean by primary and secondary haemorrhage.

c) Discuss the First aid management of haemorrhage

2+3+5=10

4. a) Discuss the importance of maintaining clinical records.

5+7=12

b) Explain the role of nurse for maintaining records in legal issues in clinical area.

b) Name the different type of fracture.

c) Discuss the First-Aid management for Raju.

For Question No. 5, 6 & 7, please separate sheet only

✓

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER-2009

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (PAPER - III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Mrs. Ramala Sen, aged 40 years, is admitted in your ward with cough and dyspnoea.

- ✓ a) Define dyspnoea.
- b) Write the indications of giving O₂ inhalation.
- c) What nursing measures will you take to relieve her dyspnoea?
- d) What will be your nursing observations during O₂ inhalation to your patient?

2+3+6+4=15

2. a) What do you mean by personal hygiene?
b) Enlist the basic nursing needs of a patient?
c) Discuss about factors for promotion and maintenance of good physical health of your patient.
d) What will be the effects of poor oral hygiene?

2+3+8+2=15

OR

- ✓ a) What are the importance of record keeping in clinical area?
- b) Write the different type of record to maintain in clinical area.
- c) Explain the nurses role in maintaining record.

4+5+6=15

3. Write short notes : (any three)

3x5=15

- ✓ a) Qualities of Nurse
- b) Shock
- ✓ c) Pulse
- ✓ d) Golden rules of First Aid

4. Write the difference between terms :

10

- ✓ a) Tepid sponge and cold sponge
- ✓ b) Burns and scalds
- ✓ c) Arterial bleeding and venous bleeding
- ✓ d) Hot application and cold application
- ✓ e) Concurrent disinfection and terminal disinfection

NTS

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) JUNE -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. A student nurse caught fire in her clothing in the hostel -
- a) How could you help her to put off the fire ?
 - b) What first aid will you give to her ?
- 5+5=10
2. a) What do you understand by "bed sore"
- b) What type of patients are prone to develop "bed sore"
 - c) Write the required articles to give back care to a bed ridden patient ?
 - d) What treatment & preventive measure to be taken for bed sore.
- 2+3+5+5=15
- Or
2. a) Define blood pressure.
- b) What are the factors, controlling blood pressure ?
 - c) What are the physiological variations of blood pressure ?
 - d) Write the methods of taking blood pressure.
- 2+4+3+6=15
3. Write short notes on (any five) :
- a) Maintenance of psychological environment in a ward.
 - b) Importance of recording and reporting of a patient on admission.
 - c) Prepare 500 cc of 5% solution. Dettol lotion.
 - d) Care of inventory in your clinical area.
 - e) Universal precautions
 - f) Sterilization.
- 5x5=25

For Question No. 4, 5 & 6 separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

1½ YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2015

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What are the different types of admission and discharge? *P.V - 53, 57*
b) Explain nurses' role for admission of a patient in the ward.
c) Describe effects of hospitalization on patients and family members. *3+7+5=15*

PV-52, C-69 P.V-51-52

2. a) Define Nursing.
b) Describe the qualities of a nurse.
c) What are the different components of nursing process. *2+7+6=15*

OR

1. Mr. Roy admitted in Medical ward with complain of cough with expectoration.
a) Describe the different colours of the sputum to be observed. *Nancy - 202*
b) Write a one day nursing care plan for Mr. Roy.
c) Explain collection of sputum from Mr. Roy. *4+6+5=15*

2. Write short notes on the followings (any three) :- *5x3=15*
a) Ethical behavior of the Nurse.
b) Disinfection and sterilization of sharp instruments.
*c) Nurse's day.
d) Care of dead body. *- P → 300 PV*
e) Effect of good posture in health. *P → 119 (C)*

3. Write the First Aid measures of the following (any two) :- *5x2=10*
a) Insect bites. *- 254*
b) Fracture of ankle-joint.
c) Acid poisoning
d) Shock *- 101*

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

ROLL NO.....

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2015
SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 20

(OBJECTIVE)

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

Time Allowed: 20 mnt

1x5=5

5. Match Column 'A' to Column 'B'

Column A

- a) 1 Litre (iv)
- b) Spore (v)
- c) Enema (i)
- d) Inability to sleep (vi)
- e) Haematemesis (ii)

Column B

- i) Left lateral position (e)
- ii) Blood vomiting (e)
- iii) Blood in stool (e)
- iv) 1000 c.c. (a)
- v) Clostridium (b)
- vi) Insomnia (d)

6. Fill up the blank :-

- a) Sudden decline of temperature is termed as Crisis
- b) Difference between systolic and diastolic pressure is known as pulse pressure
- c) When the patient is lying on bed on his back is called supine position.
- d) Verbal and non-verbal information obtained from the individual is called Sub source.
- e) The method of separation of an infected person or animal is called isolation.

1x5=5

7. Write True or False against the following statements -

- a) Thermogenesis means physical regulation of heat.
- b) Antipyretics reduces the temperature.
- c) Lack of body fluid leads to dehydration.
- d) Signs are experienced by the patient.
- e) A very fat and obese bed ridden patient is prone to develop decubitus ulcer

1x5=5

- (F)
- (T)
- (T)
- (F)
- (T)

8. Encircle (O) the most appropriate answer :

- a) To give Subcutaneous Injection the needle is inserted at -
i) 45° angle ii) 60° angle iii) 90° angle iv) 75° angle
- b) Bradycardia means pulse rate -
i) 100 beats/min ii) Below 50 beats/min iii) 80 beats/min iv) 72 beats/min
- c) World Health Day is observed on -
i) 12th May ii) 7th April iii) 1st December iv) 2nd October
- d) Purpose of applying tourniquet is -
i) to unite the broken bone ii) to check haemorrhage
iii) to relief pain iv) to improve circulation
- e) Act of swallowing is known as -
i) Deglutition ii) Mastication iii) Dysphagia iv) Dyspepsia

1x5=5



WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (SUBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Q. 1) Mrs. Kamala Devis 40 Years lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyper pyrexia.

- Define Hyperpyrexia.
- What are various types of Pyrexia?
- What special points you should keep in mind during taking oral temperature?
- What nursing measures you should take to reduce temperature? 2+4+3+6=15

Q. 2) Mr. A. Roy (60 years) has been admitted in Male Surgical Ward with Lower limbs Paralysis— and you are assigned to take care of him for Prevention of Decubetus Ulcer.

- What do you mean by Decubetus Ulcer?
- What are the factors responsible for Decubetus Ulcer?
- Write down the Preventive measures of Decubetus Ulcer.
- What are articles needed for giving back care? 2+4+6+3=15

Q. 3) Write difference between the following terms (Any five) 5X2=10

- Bradycardia and Tachycardia
- Haemoptysis and Haematemesis.
- * c) Signs and Symptoms.
- d) Bums and Scald.
- * e) Pyuria and Pyorrhoea
- f) Disinfectant and Antiseptic.

Or

Give reasons of each of the followings: 5X2=10

- * a) Checking vital signs on the day of operation.
- b) Fowler's position use for dyspnoea.
- * c) Using shock block after operation.
- d) Adding common salt in the Ice bag.
- e) Use of Woulf's bottle while administrating Oxygen.
- f) Shaking the clinical thermometer before and after taking tempeture.

4. Write short note on any three.: 3X5=15

- Nursing Process.
- Care of Patient with shock.
- Care of Patient with acid poisoning.
- Ethical behaviour of 'Nursing Personnel

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, 7 & 8 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013
 SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper-III) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Fill up the blanks :-

5X1=5

- a) Absence of breathing for a short period is known as apnea
- b) Difficulty in Micturating is known disuria
- c) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of 1820
- d) Difference between Systolic and accepted Diastolic pressure is known as Pulse pressure
- e) Hand washing is necessary for each Procedure to prevent cross infection

6. Match the following from Column 'A' to Column 'B'

5X1=5

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Oxygen (iv) | i) Legal documents |
| b) Anorexia (iii) | ii) Offensive breath |
| c) Glycerine (v) | iii) loss of appetite |
| d) Halitosis (v) | iv) Dyspnoea |
| e) Medication card (i) | v) Pus in Gum |
| | vi) Emulant |

7. Write 'T' or 'F' against the statement :

5X1=5

- a) Dusting can be done by damp dusting. (F)
- b) Drugs used to reduce temperature is known as Astringent. (F)
- c) Back massage improves and stimulates circulation. (T)
- d) Touch is an important technique for assessment of patient by percussion. (F)
- e) Condys Lotion is prepared by $KMnO_4$. (T)

8. Write tick (✓) marks on appropriate answer :

5X1=5

- a) Proctoscope is used for inspection of —
- i) Colon
 - ii) ✓ Rectum
 - iii) Oesophagus
 - iv) None of the above.
- b) Bleeding occurs within 24 Hrs. of operation is known as —
- i) Primary haemorrhage.
 - ii) Secondary haemorrhage.
 - iii) Reactionary haemorrhage.
 - iv) None of the above.
- c) Purpose of applying tourniquet is —
- i) To unite the broken bones.
 - ii) ✓ To check haemorrhage.
 - iii) To improve circulation.
 - iv) To relief of Pain.
- d) Act of swallowing is known as —
- i) ✓ Deglutition
 - ii) Mastication
 - iii) Dysphagia
 - iv) Dyspepsia
- e) Antidote for strong Alkaline Poisoning are —
- i) ✓ Vinegar, Orange or Lemon juice
 - ii) Milk of Magnesia
 - iii) All of the above
 - iv) None of the above

7.

Bleeding from P_{an} →
Pyuria
P_{an} in urine.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY - 2016

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

(OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Write True or False against the following statements -

1x5=5

- a) Self control is an unique quality of a professional nurse.
- b) Autoclaving is the best method of sterilization.
- c) Sleep is essential for growth and development.
- d) Normal pulse rate of a normal adult is 100 b/m.
- e) The green leafy vegetables are protective food.

(T)
(T)
(T)
(F)
(T)

6. Fill up the blank :-

1x5=5

- a) Back rest is used to relieve back pain
- b) Best position for giving enema is left lateral position.
- c) Hand washing before and after doing any procedure helps to prevent cross infection.
- d) Difficulty in micturation is known as dysuria
- e) Inflammation of the gum is called gingivitis

7. Match Column 'A' with Column 'B'

1x10=10

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| a) Haemorrhage (xii) | i) Prone to infection |
| b) OD (x) | ii) Relive pain |
| c) Analgesic (ii) | iii) Legal document |
| d) Low immunity (i) | iv) Professional nurse |
| e) Sugar in urine (xi) | v) Lack of roughage food in diet |
| f) Patients' Record (vii) | vi) Safety Measure |
| g) Registered Nurse (v) | vii) If necessary in emergency |
| h) Constipation (viii) | viii) Lack of carbohydrate in diet |
| i) Bedside Rail (vi) | ix) At once |
| j) Stat (ix) | x) Each day |
| | xi) Diabetes mellitus |
| | xii) Hypovolemia |

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ Yrs.) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY -2016

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 1
- a) Enlist the different routes of administration of medicine.
 - b) Discuss the safety measures for administration of medicines.
 - c) List down the common sites of intramuscular injection.
 - d) Discuss the responsibilities of nurse in administration of intramuscular (I/M) injection.
- 4+4+3+4=15

Or

- a) What do you understand by the term 'Steam Inhalation'?
 - b) Write down the purposes of steam inhalation.
 - c) List down the articles which are needed for steam inhalation.
 - d) What special points you will keep in mind during steam inhalation?
- 2+5+4+4=15

2 Mr. A. Biswas has been admitted in Male medicine ward with both limb paralysis. He needs care for prevention of Decubitus ulcer.

- a) What do you mean by Decubitus ulcer?
 - b) List down the factors which are responsible for Decubitus ulcer.
 - c) Discuss the preventive measures of Decubitus ulcer.
 - d) Mention the treatment of Decubitus ulcer.
- 2+4+5+4=15

- a) Define First Aid.
 - b) Write the rules of First Aid.
 - c) Discuss the First Aid Management of Haemorrhage.
- 1+5+4=10

4. Write short notes (any three) of the followings :-

- a) Nursing Process
 - b) WHO
 - c) Importance of reporting and recording.
 - d) Importance of activity and exercise.
 - e) Hospital acquired infection.
- 3x5=15

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 25.

Time Allowed: 25 mnts.

ANSWER ON THE SHEET ONLY

5. Fill up the blanks with appropriate answer :-

1X10=10

- a) Back rest is used to relieve Dyspnoea
- b) Physical regulation of heat loss in the body is termed as Thermolysis
~~Thermogenesis~~
- c) Examination with the help of stethoscope is called Auscultation
- d) Foot board is used to prevent Foot drop
- e) The position used in vaginal examination is called Lithotomy Position
- f) 1 ounce is equal to 30 c.c.
- g) Florence Nightingale was born on 12th May 1820
- h) Reduction in the angle of joint is known as Arthrodesis
- i) Heat regulating centre in the brain is known as Hypothalamus
- j) Difficulty in swallowing is termed as Dysphagia

6. Match the Column 'A' with Column 'B'

1X10=10

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| a) Haematuria - (vi) | i) Physical examination |
| b) Hemorrhage - (ix) | ii) Vital sign |
| c) Oliguria - (xi) | iii) Sender |
| d) Pulse - (ii) | iv) Painful micturation |
| e) Contamination - (viii) | v) Lack of roughage in diet |
| f) Assessment - (i) | vi) Blood in urine |
| g) Communication - (iii) | vii) Clients Right |
| h) Respectful care - (vii) | viii) Fomites |
| i) Increase of blood pressure - (x) | ix) Hypovolemia |
| j) Constipation - (v) | x) Anti hypertensive |
| | xi) Less amount of urine |

(2)

7. Give tick marks (✓) in true statement and (X) in false statement :

1X5=5

i) Antidote is the substance to counteract the effects of poison.

(T)

ii) Dentures are washed in warm water.

(F)

iii) Hypovolemia is reduced calcium level in blood.

(F)

iv) 40 degree C = 104 degree F.

(T)

v) An easily melted medication that is inserted into the body is termed as capsule.

(F)



WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING - I

Total Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Sima, 18 years girl has been admitted in Female medical with hyperpyrexia —

- a) Define hyperpyrexia.
- b) What are the common sites of taking body temperature?
- c) Nursing measures for reducing temperature.
- d) Maintaining nutritional need for Sima

2+3+7+3=15

Or

- a) Which patient need special mouth care?
- b) Write the purposes of special mouth care.
- c) Mention the special points for giving special mouth care.
- d) What will happen if you neglect oral hygiene for an unconscious patient

4+4+3+4=15

2 a) Define sterilization.

b) Name of the different methods of sterilization.

c) How will you sterilize syringe & needle in your ward?

2+8+5=15

3. Write short notes on any three :

a) Ethical behaviour of Nurse.

3x5=15

b) First aid management of foreign body in the eye.

c) Florence Nightingale.

d) Universal precaution

e) Taking TPR.

4. Raju, a 11 years old boy, with fracture of leg :-

2+3+5=10

a) Define the term fracture.

b) Name the different type of fracture.

c) Discuss the First-Aid management for Raju.

For Question No. 5, 6 & 7, please separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term Assessment ?
b) Write down the importance of Assessment.
c) What are the different methods of Assessment ?

2+3+5=10

2. Mr. Ghosh has been transferred from recovery room to Male Surgical Ward. Doctors has ordered steam inhalation for him :-

- a) What do you understand by the term "Steam Inhalation" ?
b) State the purpose of given inhalation.
c) What precaution will you take during & after the procedure ?
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application.

3+4+4+4=15

OR

Malati Devi a 60 years old lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyperpyrexia.

- a) Define hyperpyrexia.
b) What are the common sites of taken body temperature ?
c) What nursing measures you will take for reducing temperature ?
d) Maintaining nutritional need for Malati Devi

2+3+7+3=15

3. Give reasons of each of the following :-

- a) Checking of vital signs on the day of operation.
*b) Consent to be taken from the relative before the operation of the patient.
*c) Placing the patient in left lateral position during giving anaesthesia.
d) Adding common salt in the ice bag.
e) Fowler's position use for relieve dyspnoea.
f) Tourniquet applying for Haemorrhage.

3x5=15

4. What first aid measures you will adopt in the following situation (any two)

- a) Acid Poisoning
b) Foreign body in the nose
c) Electric burn

2x5=10

See Question 5, 6 & 7 on Separate Page

✓
WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2009

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (PAPER - III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Mrs. Ramala Sen, aged 40 years, is admitted in your ward with cough and dyspnoea.
- Define dyspnoea.
 - Write the indications of giving O₂ inhalation.
 - What nursing measures will you take to relieve her dyspnoea?
 - What will be your nursing observations during O₂ inhalation to your patient?
- 2+3+6+4=15
2. a) What do you mean by personal hygiene?
b) Enlist the basic nursing needs of a patient?
c) Discuss about factors for promotion and maintenance of good physical health of your patient.
d) What will be the effects of poor oral hygiene?
- 2+3+8+2=15
- OR
- What are the importance of record keeping in clinical area?
 - Write the different type of record to maintain in clinical area.
 - Explain the nurses role in maintaining record.
- 4+5+6=15
3. Write short notes : (any three)
- Qualities of Nurse
 - Shock
 - Pulse
 - Golden rules of First Aid
- 3x5=15
4. Write the difference between terms :
- Tepid sponge and cold sponge
 - Burns and scalds
 - Arterial bleeding and venous bleeding
 - Hot application and cold application
 - Concurrent disinfection and terminal disinfection → 2+5 = 7
- 10

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term Assessment ?
b) Write down the importance of Assessment.
c) What are the different methods of Assessment ? 2+3+5=10

2. Mr. Ghosh has been transferred from recovery room to Male Surgical Ward. Doctors has ordered steam inhalation for him :-
a) What do you understand by the term "Steam Inhalation" ?
b) State the purpose of given inhalation.
c) What precaution will you take during & after the procedure ?
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application. 3+4+4+4=15

OR

- Malati Devi a 60 years old lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyperpyrexia.
a) Define hyperpyrexia.
b) What are the common sites of taken body temperature ?
c) What nursing measures you will take for reducing temperature ?
d) Maintaining nutritional need for Malati Devi 2+3+7+3=15
3. Give reasons of each of the following :- 3x5=15
 - a) Checking of vital signs on the day of operation.
 - b) Consent to be taken from the relative before the operation of the patient.
 - c) Placing the patient in left lateral position during giving anaesthesia.
 - d) Adding common salt in the ice bag.
 - e) Fowler's position use for relieve dyspnoea.
 - f) Tourniquet applying for Haemorrhage.
4. What first aid measures you will adopt in the following situation (any two) 2x5=10
 - a) Acid Poisoning
 - b) Foreign body in the nose
 - c) Electric burn

See Question 5, 6 & 7 on Separate Page

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) JUNE -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. A student nurse caught fire in her clothing in the hostel -

- a) How could you help her to put off the fire ?
- b) What first aid will you give to her ?

5+5=10

2. a) What do you understand by "bed sore"

b) What type of patients are prone to develop "bed sore"

c) Write the required articles to give back care to a bed ridden patient ?

d) What treatment & preventive measure to be taken for bed sore.

2+3+5+5=15

Or

2. a) Define blood pressure.

b) What are the factors, controlling blood pressure ?

c) What are the physiological variations of blood pressure ?

d) Write the methods of taking blood pressure.

2+4+3+6=15

3. Write short notes on (any five) :

5x5=25

a) Maintenance of psychological environment in a ward.

b) Importance of recording and reporting of a patient on admission.

c) Prepare 500 cc of 5% solution. Dettol lotion.

d) Care of inventory in your clinical area.

e) Universal precautions

f) Sterilization.

For Question No. 4, 5 & 6 separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2014

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hou

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term "steam inhalation"? *C-221*
b) State the purpose of giving inhalation. *221*
c) What precautions will you take during & after the procedure? *223*
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application. *PV-505* *3+4+4+4=15*
physiology
- OR
- a) Explain the procedure of discharge of a patient from medical ward. *P.V-58*
b) Write about the Nursing Care of a terminally ill Patient. *P.V-298* *7+8=15*
2. a) Define vital signs. *com-164*
b) What are the abnormal characteristics of pulse? *com-174*
c) Enlist the sites for taking pulse.
d) What are the special points you will keep in mind while taking oral temperature? *3+5+4+3=15*
3. a) Define haemorrhage.
b) What do you mean by primary and secondary haemorrhage?
c) Discuss the first Aid management of haemorrhage. *2+3+5=10*
4. Write short notes on (any three) of the following :- *5x3=15*
- (a) Technique of hand washing.
b) Maintenance of Therapeutic environment. *C-23*
c) Universal precautions. *C-238*
d) Prepare 500 cc of 5% dettol lotion.
e) Importance of activity and exercise. *Khata.*

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2014
 SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III) (OBJECTIVE)

Total Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

Fill up the blank :-

1x5=5

- a) When the patient is lying on bed on his back is called Supine position.
 b) Sudden decline of temperature is termed as Crisis
 c) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of 1820
 d) Presence of albumin in the urine is termed as Proteinuria
 e) Difference between systolic and accepted diastolic pressure is known as pulse press

6. Match the following from Column 'A' to Column 'B'

1x5=5

Column AColumn B

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| a) Analgesic (iv) | i) Blood in urine |
| b) SOS (v) | ii) Sugar test of urine |
| c) Haematemesis (vi) | iii) Insomnia |
| d) Inability to sleep (iii) | iv) Relieves pain |
| e) Benedict's solution (ii) | v) If necessary in emergency |
| | vi) Blood vomiting |

7. Write True or False against the statement -

1x5=5

- a) Self control is a unique quality of a professional nurse (T)
 b) Patients with restricted movement are more susceptible to bedsores (T)
 c) Absence of breathing for a short time is termed as grunting. (F)
 d) The special instrument for examination of eye is known as proctoscope. (F)
 e) Antipyretics reduce the temperature. (T)

Instrument for
examination
rectum.

8. Encircle the most appropriate answer :

1x5=5

- a) Act of swallowing is termed as -
 i) Mastication ii) Micturation ~~iii) Deglutition~~ iv) Defaecation
- b) Anti rabies vaccine was discovered by -
~~ii) Louis Pasteur~~ i) Robert Koch iii) Edward Jenner iv) Alexander Fleming
- c) To give intermuscular injection the needle is inserted at -
 i) 45° angle ~~ii) 90° angle~~ iii) 60° angle iv) 75° angle
- d) Inflammation of the tongue is termed as :
 i) Tooth decay ii) Parotitis iii) Gingivitis ~~iv) Glossitis~~
- e) Bradycardia means pulse rate -
 i) 100 beats / min ~~ii) Below 50 beats / min~~ iii) 80 beats / min iv) 72 beats / min.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. -2015

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

MARKS 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. ~~What~~ what are the different types of admission and discharge? P.V - 53, 57
b. Explain nurses' role for admission of a patient in the ward.
c. Describe effects of hospitalization on patients and family members. 3+7+5=15
P.V - 51, 52

2. a) Define Nursing.
b) Describe the qualities of a nurse.
c) What are the different components of nursing process. 2+7+6=15

OR

- ~~Roy~~ Roy admitted in Medical ward with complain of cough with expectoration.
~~Describe~~ Describe the different colours of the sputum to be observed. Nancy - 202
a) Write a one day nursing care plan for Mr. Roy.
b) Explain collection of sputum from Mr. Roy. 4+6+5=15

3. Write short notes on the followings (any three) :- 5x3=15

- a) Ethical behavior of the Nurse.
b) Disinfection and sterilization of sharp instruments.
c) Nurse's day.
d) Care of dead body. - P + 300 PV
~~Effect~~ Effect of good posture in health. P + 119 (co)

4. Write the First Aid measures of the following (any two) :- 5x2=10
a) Insect bites.
b) Fracture of ankle-joint.
c) Acid poisoning.
d) Shock.

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

ROLL NO.

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
 FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG. - 2015
 SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 20

(OBJECTIVE)

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Match Column 'A' to Column 'B'

Column A

- a) 1 Litre
- b) Spore
- c) Enema
- d) Inability to sleep
- e) Haematemesis

Column B

- I) Left lateral position (e)
- II) Blood vomiting (e)
- III) Blood in stool (a)
- IV) 1000 c.c. (b)
- V) Clostridium (d)
- VI) Insomnia (c)

1x5=5

6. Fill up the blank :-

- a) Sudden decline of temperature is termed as _____ Crisis
- b) Difference between systolic and diastolic pressure is known as _____ pulse pressure
- c) When the patient is lying on bed on his back is called _____ supine position.
- d) Verbal and non-verbal information obtained from the individual is called _____
- e) The method of separation of an infected person or animal is called _____ isolation

1x5=5

7. Write True or False against the following statements -

- a) Thermogenesis means physical regulation of heat. (T)
- b) Antipyretics reduces the temperature. (T)
- c) Lack of body fluid leads to dehydration. (F)
- d) Signs are experienced by the patient. (T)
- e) A very fat and obese bed ridden patient is prone to develop decubitus ulcer (T)

1x5=5

8. Encircle (O) the most appropriate answer :

- a) To give Subcutaneous Injection the needle is inserted at -
 i) 45° angle ii) 60° angle iii) 90° angle iv) 75° angle
- b) Bradycardia means pulse rate -
 i) 100 beats/min ii) below 50 beats/min iii) 80 beats/min iv) 72 beats/min
- c) World Health Day is observed on -
 i) 12th May ii) 7th April iii) 1st December iv) 2nd October
- d) Purpose of applying tourniquet is -
 i) to unite the broken bone ii) to check haemorrhage
 iii) to relief pain iv) to improve circulation
- e) Act of swallowing is known as -
 i) Deglutition ii) Mastication iii) Dysphagia iv) Dyspepsia

1x5=5

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (SUBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Q. 1) Mrs. Kamala Devis 40 Years lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyper pyrexia.

- Define Hyperpyrexia.
- What are various types of Pyrexia?
- What special points you should keep in mind during taking oral temperature?
- What nursing measures you should take to reduce temperature? 2+4+3+6=15

Q. 2) Mr. A. Roy (60 years) has been admitted in Male Surgical Ward with Lower limbs Paralysis— and you are assigned to take care of him for Prevention of Decubetus Ulcer.

- What do you mean by Decubetus Ulcer?
- What are the factors responsible for Decubetus Ulcer?
- Write down the Preventive measures of Decubetus Ulcer.
- What are articles needed for giving back care? 2+4+6+3=15

Q. 3) Write difference between the following terms (Any five)

5X2=10

- Bradycardia and Tachycardia
- Haemoptysis and Haematemesis.
- Signs and Symptoms.
- Burns and Scald.
- Pyuria and Pyorrhoea
- Disinfectant and Antiseptic.

Or

Give reasons of each of the followings:

5X2=10

- ~~Checking vital signs on the day of operation.~~
- Fowler's position use for dyspnoea.
- Using shock block after operation.
- Adding common salt in the Ice bag.
- Use of Woulf's bottle while administrating Oxygen.
- Shaking the clinical thermometer before and after taking temperture. 3X5=15

4. Write short note on any three.:

- Nursing Process.
- Care of Patient with shock.
- Care of Patient with acid poisoning.
- Ethical behaviour of 'Nursing Personnel

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, 7 & 8 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2013

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper-III) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Fill up the blanks :-

5X1=5

- a) Absence of breathing for a short period is known as apnea
- b) Difficulty in Micturating is known Disuria
- c) Florence Nightingale was born in the year of _____
- d) Difference between Systolic and accepted Diastolic pressure is known as Pulse Pressure
- e) Hand washing is necessary for each Procedure to prevent personal hygiene

6. Match the following from Column 'A' to Column 'B'

5X1=5

Column AColumn B

- | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Oxygen | i) Legal documents |
| b) Anorexia | ii) Offensive breath |
| c) Glycerine | iii) loss of appetite |
| d) Halitosis | iv) Dyspnoea |
| e) Medication card | v) Pus in Gum |
| | vi) Emulant |

7. Write 'T' or 'F' against the statement :

5X1=5

- a) Dusting can be done by damp dusting. (T)
- b) Drugs used to reduce temperature is known as Astringent. (F)
- c) Back massage improves and stimulates circulation. (T)
- d) Touch is an important technique for assessment of patient by percussion. (F)
- e) Condys Lotion is prepared by $KMnO_4$. (F)

(2)

B. Write tick (✓)marks on appropriate answer :

5X1=5

- a) Proctoscope is used for inspection of —
- i) Colon
 - ii) Rectum
 - iii) Oesophagus
 - iv) None of the above.
- b) Bleeding occurs within 24 Hrs. of operation is known as —
- i) Primary haemorrhage.
 - ii) Secondary haemorrhage.
 - iii) Reactionary haemorrhage.
 - iv) None of the above.
- c) Purpose of applying tourniquet is —
- i) To unite the broken bones.
 - ii) To check haemorrhage.
 - iii) To improve circulation.
 - iv) To relieve of Pain.
- d) Act of swallowing is known as —
- i) Deglutition
 - ii) Mastication
 - iii) Dysphagia
 - iv) Dyspepsia
- e) Antidote for strong Alkaline Poisoning are —
- i) ✓ Vinegar, Orange or Lemon juice
 - ii) Milk of Magnesia
 - iii) All of the above
 - iv) None of the above

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY - 2016
 SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

(OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 20

Time Allowed: 20 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Write True or False against the following statements - 1x5=5
- | | |
|--|--------|
| a) Self control is an unique quality of a professional nurse . | () |
| b) Autoclaving is the best method of sterilization . | () |
| c) Sleep is essential for growth and development , | () |
| d) Normal pulse rate of a normal adult is 100 b/m. | () |
| e) The green leafy vegetables are protective food , | () |
6. Fill up the blank :- 1x5=5
- | | |
|--|--|
| a) Back rest is used to relieve _____. | |
| b) Best position for giving enema is _____ position . | |
| c) Hand washing before and after doing any procedure helps to prevent _____ infection. | |
| d) Difficulty in micturation is known as _____ | |
| e) Inflammation of the gum is called _____ | |
7. Match Column 'A' with Column 'B' 1x10=10
- | <u>Column A</u> | <u>Column B</u> |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| a) Haemorrhage | i) Prone to infection |
| b) OD | ii) Relive pain |
| c) Analgesic | iii) Legal document |
| d) Low immunity | iv) Professional nurse |
| e) Sugar in urine | v) Lack of roughage food in diet |
| f) Patients' Record | vi) Safety Measure |
| g) Registered Nurse | vii) If necessary in emergency |
| h) Constipation | viii) Lack of carbohydrate in diet |
| i) Bedside Rail | ix) At once |
| j) Stat | x) Each day |
| | xi) Diabetes mellitus |
| | xii) Hypovolemia |

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ Yrs.) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY -2016

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- 1
- Enlist the different routes of administration of medicine.
 - Discuss the safety measures for administration of medicines.
 - List down the common sites of intramuscular injection.
 - Discuss the responsibilities of nurse in administration of intramuscular (I/M) injection.
- 4+4+3+4=15

Or

- What do you understand by the term 'Steam Inhalation'?
 - Write down the purposes of steam inhalation.
 - List down the articles which are needed for steam inhalation.
 - What special points you will keep in mind during steam inhalation?
- 2+5+4+4=15

2 Mr. A. Biswas has been admitted in Male medicine ward with both limb paralysis. He needs care for prevention of Decubitus ulcer.

- What do you mean by Decubitus ulcer?
 - List down the factors which are responsible for Decubitus ulcer.
 - Discuss the preventive measures of Decubitus ulcer.
 - Mention the treatment of Decubitus ulcer.
- 2+4+5+4=15

- Define First Aid.
 - Write the rules of First Aid.
 - Discuss the First Aid Management of Haemorrhage.
- 1+5+4=10

4. Write short notes (any three) of the followings :-

- Nursing Process
 - WHO
 - Importance of reporting and recording.
 - Importance of activity and exercise.
 - Hospital acquired infection.
- 3x5=15

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JANUARY-2014

SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (OBJECTIVE)

Full Marks: 25

Time Allowed: 25 mnts.

ANSWER ON THE SHEET ONLY

5. Fill up the blanks with appropriate answer :- 1X10=10
- a) Back rest is used to relieve Dysproea
- b) Physical regulation of heat loss in the body is termed as Thermolysis
Thermogenesis
- c) Examination with the help of stethoscope is called Auscultation
- d) Foot board is used to prevent Foot drop
- e) The position used in vaginal examination is called Lithotomy Position
- f) 1 ounce is equal to 30 c.c.
- g) Florence Nightingale was born on 12th May 1820
- h) Reduction in the angle of joint is known as Arthrodesis
- i) Heat regulating centre in the brain is known as Hypothalamus
- j) Difficulty in swallowing is termed as Dysphagia

6. Match the Column 'A' with Column 'B' 1X10=10

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
a) Haematuria - (vi)	i) Physical examination
b) Hemorrhage - (ix)	ii) Vital sign
c) Oliguria - (xi)	iii) Sender
d) Pulse - (ii)	iv) Painful micturation
e) Contamination - (viii)	v) Lack of roughage in diet
f) Assessment - (i)	vi) Blood in urine
g) Communication - (iii)	vii) Clients Right
h) Respectful care - (vii)	viii) Fomites
i) Increase of blood pressure - (x)	ix) Hypovolemia
j) Constipation - (v)	x) Antl hypertensive
	xi) Less amount of urine

(2)

7. Give tick marks (✓) in true statement and (X) in false statement :

1X5=5

i) Antidote is the substance to counteract the effects of poison.

(T)

ii) Dentures are washed in warm water.

(F)

iii) Hypovolemia is reduced calcium level in blood.

(F)

iv) 40 degree C = 104 degree F.

(T)

v) An easily melted medication that is inserted into the body is termed as capsule.

(F)



WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) DECEMBER -2008

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING - I

Total Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Sima, 18 years girl has been admitted in Female medical with hyperpyrexia —

- a) Define hyperpyrexia.
- b) What are the common sites of taking body temperature?
- c) Nursing measures for reducing temperature.
- d) Maintaining nutritional need for Sima

2+3+7+3=15

Or

- a) Which patient need special mouth care?
- b) Write the purposes of special mouth care.
- c) Mention the special points for giving special mouth care.
- d) What will happen if you neglect oral hygiene for an unconscious patient

4+4+3+4=15

2. a) Define sterilization.
- b) Name of the different methods of sterilization.
 - c) How will you sterilize syringe & needle in your ward?

2+8+5=15

3. Write short notes on any three :

- a) Ethical behaviour of Nurse.
- b) First aid management of foreign body in the eye.
- c) Florence Nightingale.
- d) Universal precaution
- e) Taking TPR.

3x5=15

4. Raju, a 11 years old boy, with fracture of leg :-

- a) Define the term fracture.
- b) Name the different type of fracture.
- c) Discuss the First-Aid management for Raju.

2+3+5=10

For Question No. 5, 6 & 7, please separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term Assessment ?
b) Write down the importance of Assessment.
c) What are the different methods of Assessment ?
2+3+5=10

2. Mr. Ghosh has been transferred from recovery room to Male Surgical Ward. Doctors has ordered steam inhalation for him :-
a) What do you understand by the term "Steam Inhalation" ?
b) State the purpose of given inhalation.
c) What precaution will you take during & after the procedure ?
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application.
3+4+4+4=15

OR

- Malati Devi a 60 years old lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyperpyrexia.
a) Define hyperpyrexia.
b) What are the common sites of taken body temperature ?
c) What nursing measures you will take for reducing temperature ?
d) Maintaining nutritional need for Malati Devi
2+3+7+3=15
3. Give reasons of each of the following :-
a) Checking of vital signs on the day of operation. 3x5=15
b) Consent to be taken from the relative before the operation of the patient.
c) Placing the patient in left lateral position during giving anema.
d) Adding common salt in the ice bag.
e) Fowler's position use for relieve dyspnoea.
f) Tourniquet applying for Haemorrhage.
4. What first aid measures you will adopt in the following situation (any two) 2x5=10
a) Acid Poisoning
b) Foreign body in the nose
c) Electric burn

See Question 5, 6 & 7 on Separate Page

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2009

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (PAPER - III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. Mrs. Ramala Sen, aged 40 years, is admitted in your ward with cough and dyspnoea.

- Define dyspnoea.
- Write the indications of giving O₂ inhalation.
- What nursing measures will you take to relieve her dyspnoea?
- What will be your nursing observations during O₂ inhalation to your patient?

2+3+6+4=15

- 2.
- What do you mean by personal hygiene?
 - Enlist the basic nursing needs of a patient?
 - Discuss about factors for promotion and maintenance of good physical health of your patient.
 - What will be the effects of poor oral hygiene?

2+3+8+2=15

OR

- What are the importance of record keeping in clinical area?
- Write the different type of record to maintain in clinical area.
- Explain the nurses role in maintaining record.

4+5+6=15

3. Write short notes : (any three)

3x5=15

- Qualities of Nurse
- Shock
- Pulse
- Golden rules of First Aid

4. Write the difference between terms :

10

- Tepid sponge and cold sponge
- Burns and scalds
- Arterial bleeding and venous bleeding
- Hot application and cold application
- Concurrent disinfection and terminal disinfection → 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, DECEMBER -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term Assessment ?
b) Write down the importance of Assessment.
c) What are the different methods of Assessment ? 2+3+5=10

2. Mr. Ghosh has been transferred from recovery room to Male Surgical Ward. Doctors has ordered steam inhalation for him :-
a) What do you understand by the term "Steam Inhalation" ?
b) State the purpose of given inhalation.
c) What precaution will you take during & after the procedure ?
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application. 3+4+4+4=15

OR

- Malati Devi a 60 years old lady has been admitted in Female Medical Ward with hyperpyrexia.
a) Define hyperpyrexia.
b) What are the common sites of taken body temperature ?
c) What nursing measures you will take for reducing temperature ?
d) Maintaining nutritional need for Malati Devi 2+3+7+3=15
3. Give reasons of each of the following :- 3x5=15
 - a) Checking of vital signs on the day of operation.
 - b) Consent to be taken from the relative before the operation of the patient.
 - c) Placing the patient in left lateral position during giving anaesthesia.
 - d) Adding common salt in the ice bag.
 - e) Fowler's position use for relieve dyspnoea.
 - f) Tourniquet applying for Haemorrhage.
4. What first aid measures you will adopt in the following situation (any two) 2x5=10
 - a) Acid Poisoning
 - b) Foreign body in the nose
 - c) Electric burn

See Question 5, 6 & 7 on Separate Page

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY EXAMINATION, (3½ years) JUNE -2010

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTAL OF NURSING

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

1. A student nurse caught fire in her clothing in the hostel -
- a) How could you help her to put off the fire ?
 - b) What first aid will you give to her ?
- 5+5=10
2. a) What do you understand by "bed sore"
b) What type of patients are prone to develop "bed sore"
c) Write the required articles to give back care to a bed ridden patient ?
d) What treatment & preventive measure to be taken for bed sore.
- 2+3+5+5=15
- Or
2. a) Define blood pressure.
b) What are the factors, controlling blood pressure ?
c) What are the physiological variations of blood pressure ?
d) Write the methods of taking blood pressure.
- 2+4+3+6=15
3. Write short notes on (any five) :
- 5x5=25
- a) Maintenance of psychological environment in a ward.
 - b) Importance of recording and reporting of a patient on admission.
 - c) Prepare 500 cc of 5% solution. Dettol lotion.
 - d) Care of inventory in your clinical area.
 - e) Universal precautions
 - f) Sterilization.

For Question No. 4, 5 & 6 separate sheet only

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, AUG

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

1. a) What do you understand by the term "steam inhalation"? *C-221*
b) State the purpose of giving Inhalation. *221*
c) What precautions will you take during & after the procedure? *223*
d) Write the body's responses to local heat application. *PV-505* 3+4+
physiology
- OR *P.V-58*
- a) Explain the procedure of discharge of a patient from medical ward.
b) Write about the Nursing Care of a terminally ill Patient. *P.V-298*
2. a) Define vital signs. *com-164*
b) What are the abnormal characteristics of pulse? *com-174*
c) Enlist the sites for taking pulse.
d) What are the special points you will keep in mind while taking oral temperature? 3+5+4+
3. a) Define haemorrhage.
b) What do you mean by primary and secondary haemorrhage?
c) Discuss the first Aid management of haemorrhage. 2+3+5
4. Write short notes on (any three) of the following :-
a) Technique of hand washing.
b) Maintenance of Therapeutic environment. *C-23*
c) Universal precautions. *C-238*
d) Prepare 500 cc of 5% dettol lotion.
e) Importance of activity and exercise. *Khata* 5x3=

SEE QUESTION 5, 6, 7 & 8 ON SEPARATE PAGE

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING- MIDWIFERY(3 YRS) EXAMINATION, July 2016.
SUBJECT: NURSING FOUNDATIONS / (FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING PAPER III)

FULL Marks: 75.

Time allowed 3 Hours.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS.

1. a) What are the indications of oxygen therapy?
b) Write the different method of administering oxygen.
c) Write down the special nursing responsibilities during oxygen giving therapy. 3+4+8=15

OR

- a) What is special mouth care?
b) Which type of patients require special mouth care?
c) Write the purposes of special mouth care.
d) What will happen if you neglect oral hygiene of an unconscious patient? 2+3+4+6=15

2. a) What is Asepsis and Sepsis?
b) What are the portals of entry of micro-organism?
c) Name the methods of destruction of bacteria.
d) Write the methods of disinfection and sterilisation of rubber goods and blunt instruments. 2+2+6+5=15

3. Write short notes on: (Any three) 5x3=15
- a) ✓ Qualities of a nurse.
 - b) ✓ Barrier nursing.
 - c) ✓ Feeding of the helpless patient.
 - d) ✓ Importance of observation.
 - e) Prevention of medication error.

4. a) What do you mean by emergency 3+7=10
b) What is the first aid management of fracture of femur.

Question no. 5,6 & 7 are in separate sheet

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL
FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING- MIDWIFERY(3 YRS) EXAMINATION, July 2016.
SUBJECT: NURSING FOUNDATIONS / (FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING PAPER III)

FULL Marks: 20.

Time allowed: 20 mins.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Match Coloumn "A" with that of Coloumn "B" 1x10=10

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
a) Tachypnoea (✓ii)	i) Steam Inhalation
b) Barrier Nursing (✓)	ii) Dental Carries
c) Diarrhoea (x)	iii) Medulla oblongata
d) Hematemesis (ix)	iv) Cyanosis
e) Providone – Iodine (✓iii)	v) Cap, musk, Gown.
f) Nelson's Inhaler (i)	vi) Sugar in urine
g) Respiratory centre (iii)	vii) Increased respiratory rate
h) Tooth Decaying (ii)	viii) Anti-Septic
i) Sphygmomanometer (xi)	ix) Vomiting with blood
j) Bluish Discoloration of skin (ix)	x) Passage of watery stool.
	xi) Blood Pressure.

6. Fill in the blanks with suitable words :- 1x5=5

- a) Presence of blood in the stool is known as..... melena
- b) Inflammation of the gum is known as..... gingivitis
- c) Heat regulating centre is situated in hypothalamus
- d) Difficulty in micturation is known as
- e) Anti-Rabies Vaccine was discovered by.....

7. Write (T) against 'True' and (F) against 'False' statement :- 1x5=5

- a) Symptoms are experienced by the patient. ()
- b) Drugs used to prevent nausea & vomiting is known as antilemetic. ()
- c) Boiling is the best method of sterilization. ()
- d) Constipation can be prevented by high protein diet. ()
- e) Anoxia means lack of oxygen in the tissues. ()

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING – MIDWIFERY (3 yrs/ 3^{1/2} yrs) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY-2017

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING / NURSING FOUNDATION. (PAPER III)

FULL MARKS: 75.

Times allowed 3 Hours.

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

1. (a) Define vital signs. *307 (con)*
(b) What are the abnormal characteristics of pulse.
(c) Enlist the sites for taking pulse. *Diary*
(d) What special points you will keep in mind while taking oral temperature? *UIS-PV*
2+5+4+4=15
2. (a) Write about the types of admission procedure in hospital. *70-con*
(b) What are the responsibilities of the nurse during admission procedure? *55-PV*
(c) What are the different records to be maintained in a ward for the patient? *89-con*
2+8+5=15
- Or
- (a) Define Nursing process. *97 con*
(b) What are the different Components of nursing process. *48-con*
(c) Explain in details about the methods of data collection. *101-con*
2+6+7=15
3. Give reasons of each of the following (Any five) : *3x5=15*
- * a. Checking vital signs on the day of operation.
 - * b. Fowler's position use for relieve dyspnea. *Diary*
 - * c. Washing hands before and after any procedure.
 - d. Adding common salt in the ice bag.
 - e. Importance of keeping account of poisonous drug. *Diary*
 - f. Purposes of giving special mouth care.
 - g. Importance of position change of unconscious patient.

Write down the First Aid management of the following situation (Any two): *5x2=10*

- (a) Dog bite
- (b) Acid poisoning.
- (c) Burn and scald.

See separate sheet for Q. No. 5, 6 & 7

b) A very tatty & ...

WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING – MIDWIFERY (3YRS / 3½ YRS) EXAMINATION FEBRUARY 2017.

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING / NURSING FOUNDATION. (PAPER III) (Objective)

FULL Marks: 20.

Times allowed 20 mins.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Match Column "A" with that of Column "B"

1X10=10

Column A

- a) Anorexia (ii)
- b) Glycerin (v)
- c) Dysuria (i)
- d) Low immunity (iii)
- e) Glycosuria (vii)
- f) Sitz bath (viii)
- g) One pint (ix)
- h) Green sputum (vi)
- i) Medicine card (x)
- j) Hemiplegia (xi)

Column B

- i) Painful micturition.
- ii) Loss of appetite.
- iii) Prone to infection.
- iv) Emollents.
- v) 500ml.
- vi) Gangrene of lung.
- vii) Sugar in urine.
- viii) Anal surgery.
- ix) 1000ml.
- x) Legal Document.
- xi) paralysis of one side of the body.

6. Fill in the blank with suitable words:-

1x5=5

- (a) Break in the continuity of bone is known as.....
- (b) Total cessation of breathing is termed as.....
- (c) When patient is lying on bed on his abdomen is called.....position
- (d) Morning temperature is higher than evening temperature is known as.....fever
- (e) An agent that inhibits the growth of bacteria is called.....

7. Write 'T' against True and write 'F' against False:-

1x5=5

- a) Lack of body fluid leads to dehydration. ()
- b) A very fatty & obese bed ridden patient is more prone to develop decubitus ulcer ()
- c) Autoclave is the best method of sterilization ()
- d) Signs are experienced by the patient ()
- e) World Health Day is observed on 1st December ()

9mb
WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

PRELIMINARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JULY-2013

SUBJECT: FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III)

Full Marks: 75

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- Q. 1)**
- a) What do you mean by special mouth care?
 - b) Write the purposes of special mouth care.
 - c) Mention the special points for giving special mouth care.
 - d) What will happen if you neglect oral hygiene to an unconscious patient?
- 2+5+3+5=15

OR

- a) Define Nursing proces.
 - b) What are the different components of nursing process.
 - c) Explain in details about the methods of data collection.
- 2+6+7=15

Q. 2. Write short note (any three) :

- a) Importance of Charting & Recording
 - b) S. N. A.
 - c) Nursing Care of Patient with fever.
 - d) Decubitus ulcer.
- 3X5=15

Q. 3) Give reason for the following (Any five)

- * a) Importance a collecting midstream urine for culture. *diary*
 - * b) Keeping boiling water upto bottom of the spoute while giving steam inhalation. *diary*
 - c) Choosing autoclaving as best method for sterilization.
 - d) Use of splint in fracture.
 - e) Use of condys' lotion in mouth care.
 - f) Use of powder while giving back care.
- 5X2=10

Q. 4) Write down the First Aid measures you will adopt in the following situation (any two) :

- a) Acid Poisoning.
 - b) Snake bite.
 - c) Foreign body in the nose.
- 2X5=10

FOR QUESTION NOS. 5, 6, 7 & 8 SEE SEPARATE SHEET

MINIARY GENERAL NURSING-MIDWIFERY (3½ years) EXAMINATION, JULY-2013
SUBJECT : FUNDAMENTALS OF NURSING (Paper-III) (OBJECTIVE)

Marks: 25

Time Allowed: 25 mnts.

ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY

5. Match the following from Column 'A' to Column 'B'

1X10=10

Column A

Column B

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| a) Anagesia (III) | i) at once |
| b) Green Sputum (VIII) | ii) Inability to sleep |
| c) Anticoagulant (IX) | iii) Relieve pain |
| d) Subcutaneous (VI) | iv) Dyspnoea |
| e) Stat (I) | v) Emollient |
| f) Insomnia (II) | vi) Hypodermic |
| g) Oxygen (IV) | vii) Gangrene of Lung |
| h) Glycerine (V) | viii) Crisis |
| i) O.D. (XI) | ix) Heparin |
| j) Sudden decline in temperature (VII) | x) Intradermal |
| | xi) Each day |
| | xii) Alternate day |

6. Fill up the blanks :-

1X5=5

- a) Moist heat causes destruction of microorganism
- b) The head quarter of T.N.A.I. is situated at New Delhi.
- c) Best position for giving enema is Left lateral Position
- d) Hand washing before and after doing any procedure to prevent Cross infection
- e) Nurses' day celebrated on 12 may.

7. Write 'True' or 'False' :-

1X5=5

- a) Condy's Lotion is prepared by Nacl. (F)
- b) The normal ratio of pulse and respiration is 1:4 (F)
- c) Dentures are taken out at the sleeping time. (T)
- d) Absence of breathing for short time is called orthopnea (F)
- e) The special instruments for examination of eye is known as proctoscope. (F)

8. Encircle the best answer :-

5X1=5

- a) In which type of physical examination a stethoscope is needed —
- i) Percussion
 - ii) Auscultation
 - iii) Palpation
 - iv) Inspection
- b) Drug used for inducing sleep is —
- i) Analgesics
 - ii) Antibiotics
 - iii) Sedatives
 - iv) Narcotics
- c) Antirabies vaccine was discovered by —
- i) Robert Koch
 - ii) Louis Pasteur
 - iii) Edward Jenner
 - iv) Joseph Lister
- d) World health day is observed on —
- i) 12th May
 - ii) 7th April
 - iii) 1st December
 - iv) 2nd October
- e) Tachycardia means Pulse rate —
- i) Over 100 beats / minutes
 - ii) Below 100 beats / minutes
 - iii) 80 beats / minutes
 - iv) 72 beats / minutes